

The Maine Genealogist



May 2014
Volume 36, Number 2

The Maine Genealogical Society

P.O. Box 221, Farmington ME 04938

<http://maineroots.org/>

ELECTED OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR 2014

<i>President</i>	Helen A. Shaw, CG	Rockport, Maine
<i>Vice President</i>	Brian Bouchard	Brunswick, Maine
<i>Treasurer</i>	Clyde G. Berry	Winslow, Maine
<i>Membership Secretary</i>	Celeste Hyer	Otisfield, Maine
<i>Newsletter Editor</i>	Marlene A. Groves	Rockland, Maine
<i>Program Chair</i>	Marlene A. Groves	Rockland, Maine
<i>Recording Secretary</i>	Ann M. Durgin	Blue Hill, Maine
<i>Research/Inquiries Secretary</i>	Pam J. Cote	Scarborough, Maine
<i>Webmaster</i>	Brian Bouchard	Brunswick, Maine
<i>Publications Sales Manager</i>	Roland Rhoades	Gorham, Maine

DIRECTORS

<i>Term Expiring in December 2014</i>	Flossie E. Dere Will Haskell	East Wilton, Maine Raymond, Maine
<i>Term Expiring in December 2015</i>	Jane Macomber Roxanne Moore Saucier	Blanchard Twp., Maine Bangor, Maine
<i>Term Expiring in December 2016</i>	Emily A. Schroeder Alfred T. Banfield, Jr.	South China, Maine Bangor, Maine

The Maine Genealogist

<i>Editor</i>	Joseph C. Anderson II, FASG	Dallas, Texas
<i>Contributing Editors</i>	Michael F. Dwyer Priscilla Eaton, CG Patricia Law Hatcher, FASG, FGSP Leslie D. Sanders	Pittsford, Vt. Rochester, N.Y. Dallas, Texas Marblehead, Mass.

The Maine Genealogist (ISSN: 1064-6086) is published in February, May, August, and November. It is printed by Penmor Lithographers, Lewiston, Maine. See back page for membership rates and submission guidelines. For back issues, contact MGS's Sales Manager at <seeker@maine.rr.com>.

The Maine Genealogist

Journal of the Maine Genealogical Society

May 2014

Vol. 36, No. 2

CONTENTS

	PAGE
SETH COPELAND FAMILY RECORD, TURNER, MAINE Contributed by Leslie Dow Sanders	50
DNA EVIDENCE AND GENEALOGY: THE HUBBARD FAMILIES OF ACTON, MAINE, WISCONSIN, AND NORTH CAROLINA Edward G. Hubbard	51
THE SEARCH FOR ABIGAIL, WIFE OF BENJAMIN MURCH OF HAMPDEN, MAINE Dana Paul Murch	60
SOME OWNERS OF THE WHITE HOUSE OF BELFAST, MAINE Rick Davis	77
NINETEENTH-CENTURY RECORDS OF THE FIRST AND SECOND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCHES OF WELLS, MAINE (continued) Submitted by Priscilla Eaton	90

Copyright © 2014 by
The Maine Genealogical Society

SETH COPELAND FAMILY RECORD, TURNER, MAINE

Contributed by Leslie D. Sanders

Family register, filled in with dip pen on Currier & Ives engraved, hand-colored family register print.

[The record is divided into four horizontal columns, as shown below:]

<u>Family Names</u>	<u>Born Where & When</u>	<u>Married Where & When</u>	<u>Died Where & When</u>
Seth Copeland	Turner Sept 3d 1800	Turner Nov 28th 1826	Turner Sept 7th 1841 ¹
Polly Jones	Turner Sept 15th 1803 ²		

Children

Celia L Copeland	Turner Sept 25th 1827	June 12, 1849 Rev G Bates ³	
Mary J Copeland	Turner April 29 1829	Jan 3 1854 [<i>sic</i>] Rev G Bates ⁴	
Martha Copeland	Turner April 4th 1831	Aug 31 1851 Rev F Foster	Turner April 19 1860 ⁵
Henry W Copeland	Turner Aug 3 1833	May 25 1856 Rev W R French ⁶	
Flora A Copeland	Turner Nov 15th 1835	March 4 1857 ⁷	

Leslie Dow Sanders, P.O. Box 13, Marblehead MA 01945-0013.

¹ Seth Copeland, b. 3 Sept. 1800, son of Joseph and Celia (Loring) Copeland (*Original Records of Maine Towns and Cities: Town of Turner*, Picton Press CD [Rockport, Maine, 2005], image 459 [hereafter cited as Turner VRs CD]; Charles Henry Pope, *Loring Genealogy* [Cambridge, Mass., 1917], 54). Mr. Seth Copeland m. (int.) Turner, 4 Nov. 1826, Miss Polly Jones both of Turner (Turner VRs CD, image 24).

² Polly's birth is not recorded in the Turner records. A gravestone in Keene's Mills Cemetery in Turner reads (Findagrave.com): Seth Copeland / 1800–1841 / Married 1826 / Polly Jones / 1803–1872.

³ Daniel Lara and Celia Copeland both of Turner m. 12 June 1849 (Turner VRs CD, image 185). A gravestone in Mount Auburn Cemetery, Auburn, reads (Findagrave.com): Daniel Lara / 1821–1901 / Celia L. Copeland / 1827–1903.

⁴ No marriage record is found in Turner. On 4 Jan. 1854, a marriage intention was recorded in Turner for Mr. Isaiah L. Newman of Carthage and Miss Mary J. Copeland of Turner (Turner VRs CD, image 78). Mary's dates are given as 1829–1918 on her stone in Newman Cemetery, Carthage (*Maine Cemetery Inscriptions: Franklin County*, Picton Press CD [Rockland, Maine, 2006], image 51 [hereafter cited as *Franklin Co. Inscriptions*]).

⁵ Mr. Marshal Briggs and Miss Martha Copeland both of Turner m. 31 Aug, 1851 (Turner VRs CD, image 188). A gravestone in Centerville Cemetery, Turner, reads (Findagrave.com): Marshall Briggs / Died / Oct. 8, 1861 / Æt. 38 / Martha / Wife of Marshall Briggs / Died / Apr. 19, 1860 / Æt. 29 yrs, 15 dys.

⁶ Mr. Henry Wallace Copeland and Miss Rebecca Blake Leavitt m. 25 May 1856 (Turner VRs CD, image 198). A gravestone in Keene's Mills Cemetery in Turner reads (Findagrave.com): H. Wallace Copeland / 1833–1908 / Married 1856 / Rebecca B. Leavitt / 1836–1857 / Rebecca L. / their dau. / 1857–1905.

⁷ Mr. Oliver Newman of Carthage and Miss Flora A. Copeland of Turner m. 4 March 1857 (Turner VRs CD, image 200). Flora's gravestone in Newman Cemetery, Carthage, reads (*Franklin Co. Inscriptions*, image 51): Flora A., wife of Oliver Newman, d. Nov. 25, 1864 aet 29 years. Buried with her are a daughter and a son, who d. at aged 3 and 1, respectively.

DNA EVIDENCE AND GENEALOGY:
THE HUBBARD FAMILIES OF ACTON, MAINE, WISCONSIN,
AND NORTH CAROLINA

By Edward G. Hubbard

THE WISCONSIN LINE

For many of us with roots in Maine, direct evidence of our lineages is often sparse, or even absent, in the late-eighteenth and early-nineteenth centuries. In my own case, vital records, obituaries and cemetery inscriptions available in my home town of Stevens Point, Wisconsin, enabled me to trace readily my patrilineal ancestry to my great-great-grandfather Daniel Hubbard. Daniel was born in Maine 21 December 1815,¹ and he brought his family from Orono to central Wisconsin in the mid 1850s. Subsequent correspondence with the town clerk of Orono brought to light the birth records of his children, but little else, suggesting that he himself had been born elsewhere in Maine—but where? The discovery of the record of his second marriage in 1882 (an event mentioned briefly in his obituary) proved to be the key to his origin. The document stated that he had been in “Shipley Stat. Maine” and named his parents as Daniel Hubbard and “Frances.”² On the premise (based on a review of Maine place names) that “Shipley” was probably a misspelling of Shapleigh, I found within the town’s vital records the 1815 marriage of “Daniel Hubbard, Junr” and “Fanny Day”³—clearly the same couple and therefore my third great-grandparents.

The Shapleigh town records, as well as early census records, revealed the presence of a number of Hubbard families in that town from the 1780s on, but there was no record of the birth of Daniel “Junr.” In fact, the Shapleigh vital records consist mostly of marriages and marriage intentions, and include very few births at all. Church records proved to be nonexistent. Resorting to other records. I found that another Daniel Hubbard (apparently a generation older than Daniel “Junr”) had been enumerated in Shapleigh in the 1790 and 1800 censuses and had held various town offices during that period. He left no will, however, and the probate records of his estate, as well as his Revolutionary War pension file, named only his wife.

In the first two decades of the nineteenth century, this Daniel conveyed tracts of his land in Shapleigh to several men bearing the surname of Hubbard. That they were of the next generation was apparent from later census records that pointed to their approximate birth dates. The dates of the deeds, in conjunction with the grantees’ ages at those points, revealed that Daniel had conveyed tracts of land to each of

¹ Gravestone inscription, Forest Cemetery, Stevens Point, Portage Co., Wisc.

² Langlade Co., Wisc., Marriage Records, 1:2.

³ Shapleigh, Maine, Town and Vital Records, 1:21 [Family History Library (FHL), Salt Lake City, film #3,195] (hereafter cited as Shapleigh VRs).

them about a year or two after their coming of age. This, in turn, suggested that they were his sons and that he was providing for them when they were ready to start their own families.⁴ He did not refer to them as his sons in those deeds, but in a later deed one the younger men (Thomas) specifically stated that he had received the land from “my father, Daniel Hubbard.”⁵ There can be virtually no doubt that the other young men—one of whom was Daniel Jr.⁶—were also his sons. The first Daniel Hubbard in Shapleigh was, therefore, my fourth great-grandfather. He died on 2 February 1825 at age 72, and was buried in the section of Shapleigh that was set off as Acton in 1830.⁷ His ancestry is covered in two published works,⁸ based on Berwick, Maine, town and church records as well as York County probate records.

After identifying my line of descent, I eventually turned to exploring the rest of Daniel’s family in Shapleigh/Acton and beyond.⁹ Relevant to the present article is the family of Samuel Hubbard, the first of the younger Hubbards to whom Daniel conveyed land.¹⁰ That Samuel was indeed Daniel’s son is confirmed by the fact that his grave lies immediately behind those of Daniel and the latter’s wife, Lucy (Ricker) Hubbard and alongside that of Ebenezer Hubbard, their known son.¹¹ Samuel married Olive Wakefield of Berwick in 1801,¹² and had, it appears, four sons by 1810.¹³ The first two—who were married in Shapleigh in the 1820s and cannot have belonged to any of the other Hubbard families of that town—were probably the following:

⁴ Genealogist Frederick R. Boyle, in his *Early Families of Shapleigh and Acton, Maine* (Portsmouth, N.H., 2002), 318–19 (hereafter cited as Boyle, *Early Families of Shapleigh and Acton*), independently came to the same conclusion.

⁵ York Co., Maine, Deeds, 100:7 (original deed: 83:52).

⁶ York Co. Deeds, 94:168.

⁷ “Nathan Goodwin’s Book of Remarks, Shapleigh, Maine, 1777–1831,” copied by Gertrude Ella Hall, 1950, TS, Maine Historical Library, Portland, call #Mv Sh 22.1, sheet 14 (hereafter cited as Nathan Goodwin’s Remarks); gravestone inscription, Goodwin Cemetery, east side of Route 109 in Acton, not far north of the Acton Fairgrounds.

⁸ Edward Warren Day, *One Thousand Years of Hubbard History, 866–1895* (New York Co., 1895), 102–120; Everett S. Stackpole, *Old Kittery and Her Families* (Lewiston, Maine, 1903), 538–41. The account of the Hubbard family in the latter work may derive from the earlier book.

⁹ A full account of several generations of his family by this author is in progress.

¹⁰ York Co. Deeds, 73:183.

¹¹ Gravestone inscriptions, Goodwin Cemetery, Acton: Samuel Hubbard d. 16 July 1834, aged 55; Ebenezer Hubbard d. 2 April 1816, aged 22. Nathan Goodwin’s Remarks, sheet 10: “1816 Apr. 2, Daniel Hubbard son, Ebenezer dec.”

¹² John Eldridge Frost and Joseph Crook Anderson, eds., *Vital Records of Berwick, South Berwick and North Berwick, Maine, to the Year 1892* (Camden, Maine, 1993), 201 (hereafter cited as *Berwick VRs*).

¹³ Samuel Hubbard household, 1810 U.S. Census, Shapleigh, York Co., Maine, p. 12, included four males who were under 10 years of age.

GEORGE HUBBARD, b. 1802 or 1803 (age 47 in 1850);¹⁴ m. Shapleigh, 7 Jan. 1825, LUCY NASON of Shapleigh.¹⁵ George was still in Acton in 1830,¹⁶ but moved to nearby Wakefield, N.H., by 1832, when one of his daughters died there.¹⁷ *Note:* Boyle places him as a probable son of Daniel,¹⁸ but that affiliation is unlikely because (1) Daniel's wife would have been in her later forties when he was born, and (2) Daniel conveyed no land to him.

JOHN HUBBARD, b. 1803 or 1804;¹⁹ m. (as John Hubbard "Jr." of Shapleigh) 2 Dec. 1824, ELIZA DAY of Shapleigh.²⁰ He is not mentioned in Boyle's work and disappears from the Shapleigh area after his marriage.

Samuel's fourth son was probably:

AARON HUBBARD, b. Acton (then part of Shapleigh) Aug. 1808;²¹ of Wakefield, N.H. (George's residence) when he m. Middleton, N.H., 30 March 1837, ELEANOR ELLIS.²² By 1850, Aaron resided in neighboring Milton, N.H.²³

In the absence of other records, I concluded (incorrectly as will be seen) that the third son was probably the "Samuel Hubbard child" who died 21 February 1813.²⁴

THE NORTH CAROLINA LINE

In early September 2013, I was contacted by Beverly (Hubbard) Godfrey. Through family accounts and North Carolina records, Beverly had traced her patrilineal ancestry to John H. Hubbard, who had arrived in North Carolina (having been shipwrecked there) in the 1850s, but was a native of Maine. She subsequently found that he was born in Portland 25 December 1834,²⁵ and was the son of John and Harriet (LeFavour) Hubbard, who were married there 25 May 1833.²⁶ Beverly noted that the elder John Hubbard was probably closely related to Stephen Hubbard of Cape Elizabeth, Maine, who conveyed land in that town to John's widow, Harriet.²⁷

¹⁴ George Hubbard household, 1850 U.S. Census, Wakefield, Carroll Co., N.H., p. 170, #187/199.

¹⁵ Shapleigh VRs, 4:77.

¹⁶ George Hubbard household, 1830 U.S. Census, Acton, York Co., Maine, p. 9.

¹⁷ *New Hampshire Journal of Literature and Politics*, 5 May 1832, deaths: "In Wakefield, Caroline, daughter of Mr. George Hubbard, aged 4 years."

¹⁸ Boyle, *Early Families of Shapleigh and Acton*, 320.

¹⁹ Assuming age 20 or more when married.

²⁰ Shapleigh VRs, 4:77.

²¹ Richard Roberts, *Milton, New Hampshire, Vital Records, 1888–1999* (Bowie, Md., 2000), 540. Aaron d. in Milton, 25 June 1891, aged 81 years, 10 months.

²² Robert Sayward Canney, *The Early Marriages of Strafford County, New Hampshire, 1630–1860* (Bowie, Md., 1995), 514.

²³ Aaron Hubbard household, 1850 U.S. Census, Milton, Strafford Co., N.H., p. 15, #113/117.

²⁴ Nathan Goodwin's Remarks, sheet 7.

²⁵ Gravestone inscription, Parkers Grove United Methodist Church Cemetery, Linden, Cumberland Co., N.C., Findagrave.com

²⁶ Maine, Marriage Records, 1713–1937, Ancestry.com.

²⁷ Cumberland Co. Deeds, 328:59, dated 29 April 1864.

The connection to Stephen proved to be the key to solving the mystery. The record of his death in Cape Elizabeth on 21 August 1887 lists his age as 80 years, 10 months, and 21 days,²⁸ calculating to a birth date 30 September 1806. Furthermore, in one record of the birth of his son, Stephen's birthplace is given as Acton, Maine.²⁹ These facts would place him as the third son of Samuel, because, like the above-mentioned George, John, and Aaron, he would not "fit" in any of the other Hubbard families in Shapleigh/Acton at that time. This in turn pointed to the John of Portland being one and the same as the John who disappeared from Shapleigh sometime after 1824.

The 1830 census supports this hypothesis. In that year, Samuel's household included none of the four males who had been under 10 years of age in 1810.³⁰ George (probably the oldest of the four) was enumerated in Acton that year as the head of his own household,³¹ but where were the other three? In 1830 John Hubbard was enumerated in Portland with two other males and a female, all at least 20 years of age but under 30. The female was probably his wife, Eliza; one of the males was probably Stephen, who was already in Portland in 1829.³² The other male was perhaps Aaron, who does not seem to have been enumerated elsewhere that year and was living in Wakefield, New Hampshire (George's residence), by 1837.

Yet another fact points to Stephen's affiliation with Samuel's family. As noted, although it was recorded in Cape Elizabeth, the birth of Stephen's son (Stephen S. Hubbard) actually took place in Milton, New Hampshire, and was also recorded there.³³ Milton was the residence of Aaron Hubbard, Samuel's probable fourth son.

Placing Stephen as Samuel's third son means that the unnamed child who died in Shapleigh in 1813 must have been yet another child of Samuel, probably born after 1810 and therefore not found in any census records.

THE DNA EVIDENCE

The case for identifying not only Stephen Hubbard of Portland and Cape Elizabeth, but also Beverly's ancestor John Hubbard of Portland as sons of Samuel Hubbard of Shapleigh/Acton—and therefore grandsons of Daniel Hubbard—is a strong one, and is supported by a comparison of the Y-chromosome DNA tests taken by Beverly's brother and me.

²⁸ Maine, Death Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com.

²⁹ New Hampshire, Birth Records, 1659–1909, Ancestry.com: – Hubbard (male), b. Milton, N.H., in year ending 31 March 1866. The birth of this son, Stephen S. Hubbard, on 14 March 1866, was also recorded in Cape Elizabeth, Maine, Stephen's usual residence (Anne M. Diehm, comp., *Vital Records of Cape Elizabeth, Maine* [Rockland, Maine, 2009], 109 [hereafter cited as *Cape Elizabeth VRs*]).

³⁰ Samuel Hubbard household, 1830 U.S. Census, Acton, York Co, Maine, p. 11.

³¹ George Hubbard household, 1830 U.S. Census, Acton, York Co., Maine, p. 9.

³² *Weekly Eastern Argus*, 13 Oct. 1829, "list of Letters remaining at the Post office."

³³ See note 29.

The Y-chromosome is passed down from father to son and undergoes very slight changes (mutations) over the course of many generations. The test counts the number of times specific sequences of DNA molecules or markers are repeated in key segments of the Y-chromosome. All males have these repeating segments, but the numbers of these repeats are what distinguish paternal lineages. “There is a 95% likelihood that individuals sharing 25 of 26 alleles (repeating sequence results) will have a MRCA (i.e., most recent common ancestor) within 11.9 generations.”³⁴

In our instance, 25 of 27 sequences matched exactly, while the other two varied only slightly. These results are consistent with the conclusion deduced from the evidence presented above that we are descendants of two of Daniel Hubbard’s sons:

1st Generation: Daniel Hubbard of Shapleigh/Acton, Maine 1753–1825

2nd Generation	Samuel Hubbard	Daniel Hubbard “Jr.”
3rd Generation	John Hubbard	Daniel E. Hubbard
4th Generation	John H. Hubbard	George Mifflin Dallas Hubbard
5th Generation	John Edward Hubbard	George Goodbody Hubbard
6th Generation	Willie James Hubbard	George Eiden Hubbard
7th Generation	Lewis Edwin Hubbard	Edward George Hubbard
8th Generation	Beverly (Hubbard) Godfrey	

DNA tests can support genealogical conclusions that are based on indirect evidence. As demonstrated in our case, Y-chromosome DNA can verify patrilineal ancestry and kinship. Similarly, analysis of mitochondrial DNA can confirm matrilineal connections. Although other DNA tests, such as so-called “ethnic DNA” tests, can point to the geographical areas where one’s ancestors may have lived many hundreds of years ago, they should not be expected to prove precise genealogical connections.

GENEALOGICAL SUMMARY

SAMUEL HUBBARD was born in Berwick or Shapleigh, Maine, in or before April 1778,³⁵ son of Daniel and Lucy (Ricker) Hubbard.³⁶ He died in Acton (set off from Shapleigh in 1830) 16 July 1834, aged 55 years.³⁷ He married in Berwick, Maine, 7 November 1801, OLIVE WAKEFIELD,³⁸ born in New Hampshire circa 1776, her parents unidentified. She died in December 1849 in Wolfborough, New Hampshire, aged 74.³⁹

³⁴ “Patrilineal Lineage Test—Statistics for Calculating Most Recent Common Ancestor,” Ancestry.com.

³⁵ He was 35 years old on 21 April 1813, when he enlisted in the 33rd U.S. Infantry Army during the War of 1812.

³⁶ Boyle, *Early Families of Shapleigh and Acton*, 318–19.

³⁷ Maine Old Cemetery Association, *Maine Cemetery Inscriptions: York County*, 4 vols. (Camden, Maine, 1995), 1:28, citing Goodwin Cemetery, Acton.

³⁸ *Berwick VRs*, 201, he of Shapleigh, she of Berwick.

³⁹ 1850 U.S. Census Mortality Schedule, Wolfborough, Carroll Co., N.H., p. 14.

Around the time of his birth, Samuel's parents settled in Shapleigh. On 1 December 1802, he and Daniel Hubbard purchased half of a 250-acre lot in that town, but on 13 April 1825 he lost his half of the tract in a sheriff's sale.⁴⁰ According to his daughter Mary's death record, he was a cooper.

Children, b. Shapleigh (in the section later set off as Acton):

- i (prob.) GEORGE N. HUBBARD,⁴¹ b. prob. 1802,⁴² d. prob. Brookfield, N.H., 1860–70;⁴³ m. Shapleigh, 1825, LUCY JANE NASON,⁴⁴ b. ca. 1797,⁴⁵ daughter of Benjamin and Hannah (Gilman) Nason,⁴⁶ prob. the female bur. in Wakefield, N.H., 2 April 1857.⁴⁷ They were enumerated in Acton in 1830 but were in Wakefield by 1832.⁴⁸

Children (first 3 or 4 b. prob. Shapleigh/Acton, others b. Wakefield): 1. *Cynthia G. Hubbard*, b. ca. 1821.⁴⁹ 2. *Judith Hubbard*, b. 3 Sept. 1826.⁵⁰ 3. *Caroline Hubbard*, b. ca. 1828, d. Wakefield, bef. 5 May 1832.⁵¹ 4. *George W. Hubbard*, b. [calc.] Sept. 1830.⁵² 5. *Benjamin N[ason?] Hubbard*, b. [calc.] 25 Feb. 1836.⁵³ 6. *John Hubbard*, b. ca. 1837.⁵⁴ 7. *Sarah E. Hubbard*, b. ca. 1838.⁵⁵ 8. *Charles Lyman Hubbard*, b. [calc.] 8 June 1843.⁵⁶

⁴⁰ York Co. Deeds, 71:100, 118:238.

⁴¹ Middle initial reported as "N" in the death records of his children, Judith and George.

⁴² Male, aged 18–26, Samuel Hubbard household, 1820 U.S. Census, Shapleigh, York Co., Maine, p. 11.

⁴³ In 1860, he was living there with his son, Charles (George Hubbard household, 1860 U.S. Census, Brookfield, Carroll, New Hampshire, p. 12, 574:607) and next door to his son Benjamin.

⁴⁴ Shapleigh VRs, Vol. 4, p. 77.

⁴⁵ She was aged 53 in the George Hubbard household, 1850 U.S. Census, Wakefield, Carroll Co., N.H., p. 170, #187/199.

⁴⁶ Boyle, *Early Families of Shapleigh and Acton*, 468.

⁴⁷ New Hampshire, Death and Burial Records Index, 1654–1949. Unnamed female Hubbard, married.

⁴⁸ Samuel Hubbard household, 1830 U.S. Census, Acton, York Co., Maine, p. 11; daughter Caroline d. Wakefield in 1832.

⁴⁹ New Hampshire Marriages, 1720–1920, Familysearch.org (3rd marriage of Cynthia G. Winkley).

⁵⁰ New Hampshire, Death and Disinterment Records, 1754–1947, Ancestry.com, death of Judith Heath, birthplace listed as Wakefield.

⁵¹ *New Hampshire Journal of Literature and Politics*, 5 May 1832, deaths: "In Wakefield, Caroline, daughter of Mr. George Hubbard, aged 4 years."

⁵² New Hampshire, Death and Disinterment Records, 1754–1947, Ancestry.com, birthplace listed as Wakefield; George Hubbard household, 1850 U.S. Census, Wakefield, Carroll Co., N.H., p. 27, #187/199.

⁵³ New Hampshire, Death and Disinterment Records, 1754–1947, Ancestry.com. Age at death on 8 Dec. 1891 listed as 55 years, 9 months, 11 days; however, his age in census records point to him having been a year older than that.

⁵⁴ George Hubbard household, 1850 U.S. Census, Wakefield, Carroll Co., N.H., p. 27, #187/199.

⁵⁵ George Hubbard household, 1850 U.S. Census, Wakefield, Carroll Co., N.H., p. 27, #187/199.

⁵⁶ Massachusetts, Death Records, 1851–1915, Ancestry.com.

- ii (prob.) JOHN HUBBARD, b. say 1804,⁵⁷ d. Portland, Maine, 1834–37;⁵⁸ m. (1) Shapleigh, Dec. 1824, ELIZA DAY,⁵⁹ b. Wells, say 1804, daughter of Ebenezer and Miriam (Hatch) Day,⁶⁰ d. prob. Portland, 1830–33; m. (2) (int.) Portland, 25 May 1833, HARRIET (LeFAVOUR) FOGG,⁶¹ bp. Salem, Mass., 16 Nov. 1800, daughter of Amos and Elizabeth (Preston) LeFavour,⁶² widow of Daniel Fogg,⁶³ d. Cape Elizabeth, 4 Nov. 1872, and bur. in Western Cemetery, Portland, aged 71.⁶⁴
Child by 2nd wife, Harriet LeFavour: 1. *John H. Hubbard*, b. Portland, 25 Dec. 1834.⁶⁵
- iii (prob.) STEPHEN HUBBARD, b. [calc.] 30 Sept. 1806, d. Cape Elizabeth, 21 Aug. 1887, aged 80 years, 10 months, 21 days;⁶⁶ m. (1) (int.) Portland, 26 Nov. 1831, ELIZA (SAWYER) STANWOOD,⁶⁷ b. Cape Elizabeth, 1 Sept. 1800, daughter of David and Elizabeth/Betsey (Allen) Sawyer,⁶⁸ d. Charlestown, Mass., 16 Feb. 1864, aged 63 years, 4 months, 16 days;⁶⁹ m. (2) Cape Elizabeth, 9 Jan. 1865, LOUISA H. (BOLAN) GOODALE,⁷⁰ b. Phillips, Maine, [calc.] 5 Sept. 1833, daughter of Peter Bolan, d. Cape Elizabeth, 28 Jan. 1903, aged 69 years, 4 months, 23 days.⁷¹
Children by 2nd wife, Louisa: 1. *Stephen S. Hubbard*, b. Milton, N.H., 14 March 1866.⁷² 2. *Stanley W. Hubbard*, b. Cape Elizabeth, 5 March 1873.⁷³
- iv (prob.) AARON HUBBARD, b. [calc.] Aug. 1808, d. Milton, N.H., 25 June 1890, age 81 years, 10 months;⁷⁴ m. Middleton, N.H., 26 March 1837, ELEANOR ELLIS,⁷⁵

⁵⁷ Male, aged 16–18, Samuel Hubbard household, 1820 U.S. Census, Shapleigh, York Co., Maine, p. 11.

⁵⁸ His 2nd wife was apparently a widow in 1837, when she was listed on her own in the Portland (Maine) 1837 City Directory, p. 39.

⁵⁹ Shapleigh VRs, 4:77.

⁶⁰ Edward G. Hubbard, "The Children and Grandchildren of Ebenezer Day, Jr., of Wells and Kennebunk, Maine," *York County Genealogical Society Journal*, 22(2007):38-42.

⁶¹ Portland Intentions, 4:216.

⁶² *Vital Records of Salem, Massachusetts, to the End of the Year 1849*, 6 vols. (Salem, 1916–25), 2:521 ("LeFevre," Harriet).

⁶³ Maine, Marriage Records, 1713–1937, Ancestry.com. Daniel Fogg and Harriet "Lefavor" m. Portland, 10 June 1821.

⁶⁴ Maine, Death Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com; William B. Jordan, Jr., transcr., *Burial Records 1811–1980 of the Western Cemetery in Portland, Maine* (Bowie, Md., 1987), 69.

⁶⁵ Gravestone inscription, Parker's Grove United Methodist Church Cemetery, Linden, Cumberland Co., N.C., Findagrave.com.

⁶⁶ Maine, Death Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com.

⁶⁷ Portland Intentions, 4:192.

⁶⁸ *Cape Elizabeth VRs*, 37; her parents m. Cape Elizabeth, 3 Nov. 1799 per *ibid.*, 84. Eliza had m. (1) (int.) Cape Elizabeth, 11 June 1820, William Stanwood (*ibid.*, 409).

⁶⁹ Massachusetts, Death Records, 1841–1915, Ancestry.com.

⁷⁰ *Cape Elizabeth VRs*, 307.

⁷¹ Maine, Death Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com. In addition to her death information, the record names her father and place of birth.

⁷² New Hampshire, Birth Records, 1654–1900, Ancestry.com; *Cape Elizabeth VRs*, 109.

⁷³ *Cape Elizabeth VRs*, 109.

⁷⁴ New Hampshire, Death and Disinterment Records, 1754–1947, Ancestry.com.

⁷⁵ New Hampshire, Marriage Records Index, 1637–1947, Ancestry.com.

b. Middleton, N.H., [calc.] 8 Sept. 1814, daughter of Bethuel Ellis, d. Milton, N.H., 9 Nov. 1886, age 72 years, 2 months, 1 day.⁷⁶

Children:⁷⁷ 1. *Stephen H. Hubbard*, b. ca. 1839. 2. *James Hubbard*, b. ca. 1841. 3. *Mary Hubbard*, b. ca. 1844.

v LOUISA W. HUBBARD, b. [calc.] Feb. 1811, d. Milton, N.H. 13 April 1857, aged 46 years, 2 months;⁷⁸ m. Wakefield, N.H., 6 April 1833, JOHN COTTON CORLISS,⁷⁹ b. North Sandwich, N.H., 7 May 1811,⁸⁰ son of Joseph and Lydia (Cotton) Corliss,⁸¹ d. Moultonborough, N.H., 8 Jan. 1875.⁸²

Children: 1. *Lydia Jane Corliss*, b. Wakefield, N.H., 21 Feb. 1834.⁸³ 2. *Julia Corliss*, b. ca. 1838–39.⁸⁴ 3. *Emily C. Corliss*, b. Sandwich, N.H., 25 Nov. 1838.⁸⁵ 4. *James E. Corliss*, b. ca. 1841.⁸⁶ 5. *Rebecca Fannie Corliss*, b. Tuftonboro, N.H., [calc.] 15 Sept. 1843.⁸⁷ 6. *Mary A. Corliss*, b. Wolfeboro, N.H., ca. 1847.⁸⁸ 7. *Ellen/Nellie Rust Corliss*, b. Wolfeboro, N.H., ca. 1848.⁸⁹ 8. *Charles H. Corliss*, b. Wolfeboro, N.H., Dec. 1851.⁹⁰ 9. *Harriet E. Corliss*, b. Milton, N.H., 15 Aug. 1854;⁹¹ d. 12 April 1856, aged 1 year, 8 months.⁹²

vi child, d. 21 Feb. 1813.⁹³

⁷⁶ New Hampshire, Death and Disinterment Records, 1754–1947, Ancestry.com. Her death record gives her father's name and place of birth.

⁷⁷ Aaron Hubbard household, 1850 U.S. Census, Milton, Strafford Co., N.H., p. 15, #113/117; Aaron Hubbard household, 1860 U.S. Census, Milton, Strafford Co., N.H., p. 14, #135/125.

⁷⁸ Maine, Death Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com.

⁷⁹ Robert S. Canney, *Early Marriages of Strafford County, New Hampshire, Supplement to 1870* (Bowie, Md., 1997), 40, Louisa's maiden name inexplicably given as "Burrows."

⁸⁰ "Corliss," *American Ancestry*, 12(Albany, N.Y., 1899):154.

⁸¹ "Corliss," *American Ancestry*, 12(Albany, N.Y., 1899):153–54, which names her as a sister of Mary R. Hubbard.

⁸² "Corliss," *American Ancestry*, 12(Albany, N.Y., 1899):154.

⁸³ New Hampshire, Birth Records, 1659–1900, Ancestry.com.

⁸⁴ John C. "Coolis" household, 1850 U.S. Census, Wolfborough, Carroll Co., N.H., p. 36, #280/292.

⁸⁵ New Hampshire, Death and Disinterment Records, 1754–1947, Ancestry.com.

⁸⁶ John C. "Coolis" household, 1850 U.S. Census, Wolfborough, Carroll Co., N.H., p. 36, #280/292. John C. "Coolis" household, 1850 U.S. Census, Wolfborough, Carroll Co., N.H., p. 36, #280/292; George Walter Chamberlain, ed., *Vital Records of Lebanon, Maine to the Year 1892*, 3 vols. (Portland, Maine, 1922–23), 3:24 (hereafter cited as *Lebanon VRs*). James E. Corliss, d. 20 May 1880, aged 39, buried in same lot as his parents, John C. and Louisa W. Corliss, and sister Harriet E. Corliss.

⁸⁷ Massachusetts, Town and Vital Records, 1620–1988, Ancestry.com; Maine, Death Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com: Rebecca F. Dudley d. Lebanon, Maine, 17 July 1884, aged 40 years, 7 months, 17 days.

⁸⁸ Massachusetts, Marriage Records, 1840–1915, Ancestry.com.

⁸⁹ "Ellen G." in John C. "Coolis" household, 1850 U.S. Census, Wolfborough, Carroll Co., N.H., p. 36, #280/292; "Nellie" in John C. Corliss household, 1870 U.S. Census, Moultonborough, Carroll Co., N.H., p. 5, #46/45.

⁹⁰ New Hampshire, Death and Disinterment Records, 1754–1947, Ancestry.com.

⁹¹ New Hampshire, Births and Christenings Index, 1714–1904, Ancestry.com.

⁹² *Lebanon VRs*, 3:24.

⁹³ Nathan Goodwin's Remarks, sheet 7.

vii MARY R. HUBBARD, b. 3 Nov. 1814,⁹⁴ d. Sandwich, N.H., 22 Jan. 1892, aged 77 years, 2 months;⁹⁵ m. 21 Oct. 1833, BENJAMIN CORLISS,⁹⁶ b. North Sandwich, N.H., 1 Sept. 1807, son of Joseph and Lydia (Cotton) Corliss, d. North Sandwich, 29 Aug. 1895.⁹⁷

Children, b. North Sandwich, N.H.:⁹⁸ 1. *Samuel H Hubbard Corliss*, b. 7 May 1835. 2. *Mary Frances Corliss*, b. 1 Feb. 1839. 3. *William Henry Harrison Hubbard*, b. 4 Dec. 1841, d. 15 Sep. 1850. 4. *Hiram Stevens Corliss*, b. 12 April 1844. 5. *Jennie Louisa Corliss*, b. 12 Oct. 1846. 6. *Olive Ellen Corliss*, b. 3 Feb. 1849. 7. *Julia A. Corliss*, b. 19 Jan. 1852, d. 21 July 1870. 8. *Martha Q. Corliss*, b. 17 Dec. 1856. 9. *George Harrison Corliss*, b. 15 April 1860.

viii child, d. 25 April 1817.⁹⁹

ix son, b. 1820 or shortly before,¹⁰⁰ identity unknown but possibly the otherwise unidentified Moses Hubbard who was in the household of Ebenezer Hubbard (another grandson of Daniel Hubbard) in 1850.¹⁰¹

Edward G. Hubbard (8638 North 62nd Street, Brown Deer, WI 53223; <eghubbard@att.net>) spent more than forty years in the financial industry. He now pursues his lifelong interest in genealogy, and has contributed articles on the Hubbard, Day, and Hatch families to The York County Genealogical Society Journal and The Maine Genealogist.

⁹⁴ "Corliss," *American Ancestry*, 12(Albany, N.Y., 1899):153–54.

⁹⁵ New Hampshire, Death and Disinterment Records, 1754–1947, Ancestry.com.

⁹⁶ "Corliss," *American Ancestry*, 12(Albany, N.Y., 1899):153–54.

⁹⁷ "Corliss," *American Ancestry*, 12(Albany, N.Y., 1899):153–54.

⁹⁸ "Corliss," *American Ancestry*, 12(Albany, N.Y., 1899):154.

⁹⁹ Nathan Goodwin's Remarks, sheet 11.

¹⁰⁰ Male, age under 10, Samuel Hubbard household, 1820 U.S. Census, Shapleigh, York Co., Maine, p. 11.

¹⁰¹ Eben Hubbard household, 1850 U.S. Census, Roxbury, Norfolk Co., Mass., p. 309, #1875/2581. The fact that Moses's age was listed as 27 might seem to preclude this identification, but ages in census enumerations are sometimes only approximate, and there are other considerations. In 1830 only one of Samuel's children—a yet unmarried daughter—was living with him (Samuel Hubbard household, 1830 U.S. Census, Acton, York Co., Maine, p. 11). As noted above, his first four sons were living elsewhere, but where were his other daughter and his youngest son? It could be argued that the son had died by then, but this is highly unlikely, as Nathan Goodwin would surely have recorded his death. In 1830 the Acton household of Samuel's brother William included a male and two females, aged 15–19, and two males, aged 10–14 (William Hubbard household, 1830 U.S. Census, Acton, York Co., Maine, p. 9). William had only two children, Sarah (b. 1811) and James (b. ca. 1813), who would have been two of the three older children enumerated in 1830. I suggest that the 3rd could well have been Samuel's other daughter, while one of the two younger males could have been his youngest son. That they were living with close relatives at the time is likely in light of the fact that Samuel had fallen on hard times in the 1820s. I further suggest that the other young male was Samuel's and William's nephew, Ebenezer Hubbard (b. 21 Oct. 1815). In 1820 Ebenezer was probably living with his mother's family, and by the early 1840s he had moved to Roxbury. It could well be that Samuel's son accompanied or followed him there. If so, he may then have been the Moses residing with Ebenezer in 1850.

THE SEARCH FOR ABIGAIL, WIFE OF BENJAMIN MURCH OF HAMPDEN, MAINE

By Dana Paul Murch

Benjamin Murch was an early settler of what would become Hampden, Maine, and is listed in the 1790 Federal census as a head of household in Frankfort,¹ now part of Hampden, Penobscot County. He died 11 January 1849 and is buried in Locust Grove Cemetery, Hampden, next to his wife, Abigail.² No marriage record is found for Benjamin and Abigail in the published vital records of Hampden or any of the surrounding towns, and there are no dates on Abigail's gravestone. The published vital records of Hampden list seven children born to them between 11 January 1789 and 18 March 1804.³ Abigail was probably born by 1770 to be of age to marry in 1788, before the birth of her first child. She died sometime after 1804, but the exact date of her death has not been found.

Who was Abigail, wife of Benjamin Murch and mother of his seven children?



BENJAMIN MURCH

Benjamin Murch was born in Gorham, Maine, in January 1765 (his gravestone gives his birth date as 10 January 1765), son of Walter and Jerusha (Brown)

¹ *Heads of Families at the First Census of the United States Taken in the Year 1790: Maine* (Washington, D.C., 1908), 28.

² Gravestones, Locust Grove Cemetery, Hampden, Maine, lot #55.

³ Arthur Gibbs Sylvester, and Richard E. Spinney, transcrs. and eds., *Vital Records of Hampden, Maine, Prior to 1892* (Rockland, Maine, 2007), 30 (hereafter cited as *Hampden VRs*).

Murch,⁴ who were married in Gorham in November 1758.⁵ Benjamin Murch is not included in the list of settlers in the Plantation of Wheelersborough (later incorporated as Hampden) in 1784,⁶ and so is presumed to have arrived in Hampden sometime between 1785 and the birth of his first child there in January 1789.

The family of Benjamin Murch is included in the *Maine Families in 1790* series.⁷ This says that Benjamin Murch is mentioned nineteen times in the Hampden town records, as surveyor of roads, tythingman, school committee member, and in other capacities, between 1794 and 1816. He was called the “first Methodist Class Leader on the Penobscot” on his gravestone. And he is said to have married Abigail Arey.⁸ In the sketch, the source for Abigail’s identification as an Arey is given as “Mayflower Society, Descendants of Stephen Hopkins.”⁹ No marriage date or place is given, and no further information is provided about Abigail or her parents.

The identification of Benjamin’s wife as Abigail Arey is repeated in the sketch of Benjamin’s father, Walter Murch, in Volume 4 of the *Maine Families in 1790* series.¹⁰ Walter and Jerusha Murch settled in Narragansett No. 7 by 1763, a year before the township’s incorporation as Gorham.¹¹

STEPHEN HOPKINS CONNECTION?

Was there an Abigail Arey who was a known descendant of Stephen Hopkins of the *Mayflower*? The most recent “Silver Book” on the family of Stephen Hopkins, published by the General Society of Mayflower Descendants in 2001, revealed only one Arey reference, as follows:¹²

⁴ Marquis F. King, comp., and Russell S. Bickford, ed., *Publishments, Marriages, Births and Deaths from the Earlier Records of Gorham, Maine*, 2nd ed. (Camden, Maine, 1991), 150 (hereafter cited as *Gorham VRs*).

⁵ *Gorham VRs*, 90. Jerusha Brown was a 6th-generation descendant of *Mayflower* passenger Stephen Hopkins (*Mayflower Families Through Five Generations*, 6: Stephen Hopkins, by John Austin, 3rd ed. [Plymouth, Mass., 2001], 5–8, 15–16, 53–54, 226 [hereafter cited as *Mayflower Fams. 5 Gens.*: Hopkins]). The line of descent from Stephen Hopkins through Ephraim Murch, brother of Benjamin Murch, to the author has been approved by the Mayflower Society (Supplemental Lineage #2, General No. 83850, Maine State No. 3448, approved 9 Oct. 2012).

⁶ Hampden Historical Society, *Historical Sketches of the Town of Hampden, Maine, 1767–1976* (Ellsworth, Maine, 1976, rev. ed. 2000), 8–10 (hereafter cited as *Hampden Hist. Sketches*).

⁷ Ruth Gray, ed., *Maine Families in 1790, Vol. 1* (Camden, Maine, 1988), 210–11 (hereafter cited as *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 1*).

⁸ *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 1*, 210.

⁹ *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 1*, 210.

¹⁰ Joseph Crook Anderson, II, and Lois Ware Thurston, eds., *Maine Families in 1790, Vol. 4* (Camden, Maine, 1994), 193 (hereafter cited as *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 4*). The source provided for this information is the sketch of the Benjamin Murch family, *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 1*, 210.

¹¹ Hugh D. McLellan, *The History of Gorham, Maine* (Portland, Maine, 1903), 98–100, 690 (hereafter cited as McLellan, *History of Gorham*). Gorham was one of seven townships awarded to soldiers or the heirs of soldiers who fought in King Philip’s War.

¹² *Mayflower Fams. 5 Gens.*: Hopkins, 359–60.

ISAAC⁵ HOPKINS (*Joseph⁴, Stephen³, Giles², Stephen¹*) b. Harwick 10 March 1712/13; died after 2 May 1774.

He m. (1) Eastham 5 March 1740/41 THANKFUL SMITH of Eastham. . . .

He m. (2) Eastham 27 Nov. 1760 ELIZABETH (GOULD) AREY, b. Harwich 6 Jan. 1719/20; d. prob. Eastham in 1797, being the “Wo E. Hoppins” on bill of mortality; dau. of Nathaniel and Grace (Hurd) Gould. She m. (1) Harwich in 1738 Oliver Arey, b. Eastham 15 Sept. 1717; d. there bet. 22 March and 6 May 1760; son of Samuel and Mary (Mayo) Arey and a desc. of Pilgrim William Brewster. By Oliver, she had the following Arey children: Oliver, Abigail, Elizabeth, Mary, Thomas, Jedidah, and Eunice.

According to published vital records, Abigail Arey, daughter of Oliver and Elizabeth (Gould) Arey, was born at Eastham, 20 March 1745.¹³

The foregoing information presents two problems. First, the Abigail Arey who was the daughter of Oliver and Elizabeth (Gould) Arey was a descendant of *Mayflower* passenger William Brewster, not of fellow *Mayflower* passenger Stephen Hopkins. Second, and more importantly, this Abigail Arey was born in 1745, making her about twenty years too old to be the wife of Benjamin Murch, born in 1765, and the mother of his children, the last of whom was born in 1804. If there is no evidence of an Abigail Arey who was a descendant of *Mayflower* passenger Stephen Hopkins, then what could the *Maine Families in 1790* citation to “Abigail Arey (Mayflower Society, Descendants of Stephen Hopkins)” mean?

The *Maine Families in 1790* sketch of the family of Benjamin Murch was provided by Gloria Pickard and Kay Trickey of the Hampden Historical Society. Katherine “Kay” Woodworth Trickey was a native of Bangor, Maine. She died 19 September 1999 at a Brewer health care center at the age of 89.¹⁴ Among other pursuits in her long lifetime, she was archivist and President of the Hampden Historical Society, a member of the editorial committee responsible for the book, *Historical Sketches of the Town of Hampden, Maine, 1767–1976*, and the long-time editor of the Maine Old Cemetery Association cemetery inscription project. Most significantly, through her mother, Clare Martha Rideout, she was a descendant of Samuel Murch,¹⁵ one of four Murch brothers who had moved from Biddeford to Gorham by 1763,¹⁶ and so had more than a passing interest in the genealogy of the Murch family.

While Katherine Trickey was certainly not infallible, she was clearly an accomplished historian and genealogist. It seems unlikely that she would make so fundamental an error as assuming that the Abigail Arey born at Eastham in 1745

¹³ Leonard H. Smith, Jr., *Vital Records of Southeastern Massachusetts Volume I, Eastham and Orleans* (an authorized facsimile reproduction of records published serially 1901–1935 in *The Mayflower Descendant*) (Clearwater, Florida, 1980), 83 (hereafter cited as *Eastham VRs*).

¹⁴ Obituary, *Bangor Daily News*, Bangor, Maine, 20 Sept. 1999.

¹⁵ Katherine W. Trickey, comp., “Rideout Lineage: The Murch Line,” Mss, Hampden Historical Society, Katherine Trickey Archives, Hampden, Maine.

¹⁶ McLellan, *History of Gorham*, 99, 690.

was the Abigail who married Benjamin Murch and gave birth to her first recorded child in Hampden in 1789. So, what evidence did Katherine Trickey have of the maiden name of Benjamin Murch's wife Abigail?

THE HAYDEN CONNECTION

A review of Katherine Trickey's lineage papers at the Hampden Historical Society turned up as a secondary source the *Mayflower* line of Mina Ella (Pomeroy) Hayden, taken from a manuscript in the collection of the Society. According to Ms. Trickey's notes, Mrs. Hayden was a descendant of *Mayflower* passenger Stephen Hopkins through Benjamin Murch, and Mrs. Hayden gave the name of Benjamin's wife as Abigail Arey.¹⁷

Mina Ella (Pomeroy) Hayden compiled a number of genealogies that are in the collection of the Maine Historical Society,¹⁸ and had at least one published genealogy.¹⁹ She died 4 June 1932 in South Portland, Maine, at the age of 62, and is buried in Evergreen Cemetery in Portland.²⁰

With the source of Katherine Trickey's identification of the wife of Benjamin Murch as Abigail Arey now in hand, the question became what evidence did Mrs. Hayden have for this identification?

In a stroke of good fortune, it turns out that Mrs. Hayden's genealogical notes and correspondence, as well as her unpublished manuscript on the genealogy of the Murch family, are housed in two special collections at the Maine Historical Society.²¹ In her Murch genealogy, Mrs. Hayden stated in several places that Benjamin Murch married Abigail Arey in 1785. There is no evidence, however, that Mrs. Hayden had any record of this marriage, and the date of 1785 appears to be estimated from the date of birth of the first child, which Mrs. Hayden incorrectly listed as 11 January 1787 (the actual date being 11 January 1789).²² A subsequent review of Mrs. Hayden's Murch family manuscript revealed that, while she had collected much useful and accurate information, she was susceptible to taking secondary sources and family traditions at face value, thus creating a genealogy that was in some in-

¹⁷ Trickey, "Rideout Lineage." The line of descent from Stephen Hopkins through Jerusha Brown and her son Benjamin Murch to Mina E. Pomeroy, who m. Ellsworth F. Hayden, is contained in the *Mayflower Index* published by the General Society of Mayflower Descendants in 1932. It is noted that no maiden name is given in this index for Abigail, wife of Benjamin Murch.

¹⁸ See online catalog for the Maine Historical Society Library: <www.mainehistory.org>.

¹⁹ Mina E. Pomeroy, *Hayden Genealogy* (Saint Paul, Minn., 1915) (hereafter cited as Pomeroy, *Hayden Genealogy*) [available online at HeritageQuest].

²⁰ Death record, Maine State Archives, Augusta, Maine.

²¹ Mina Pomeroy Hayden, "Hayden and allied families," Coll. 1463, and "Genealogical Material 1930-1931," Coll. 1771, Maine Historical Society, Portland (hereafter cited as Hayden, Coll. 1771, MHS).

²² Hayden, Coll. 1771, MHS.

stances either unsupported by facts or contradicted by other records.²³ That said, she seemed to always have some rationale for the genealogy she constructed.

A thorough search of Mrs. Hayden's several boxes of materials uncovered correspondence between Mrs. Hayden and fellow researcher Frances Tribou Tinsman. A typewritten letter dated 16 October 1930 from Mrs. Tinsman to Mrs. Hayden, yielded significant information:²⁴

Hotel Roosevelt
Washington, D.C.
October 16, 1930

Mrs. Ellsworth F. Hayden,
Portland, Maine

My dear Mrs. Hayden:

I wish I could help you in your search for Abigail Murch and all the rest of our forbears, but I am afraid I can be of very little service.

We were never able to prove conclusively that Benjamin Murch's wife Abigail was an Arey although there is no doubt of it in our minds. Caroline Mayo Murch, who was living in Hampden some years ago and was well known to my father, said that her grandmother, Abigail Arey, and the Hannah Arey who married Nahum Emery, were sisters. This would make Abigail the daughter of Joseph and Hannah Arey, as you suggest.

According to my records, Joseph and Hannah Arey had five children: Hannah who married Nahum Emery and died April 15, 1808 aged 37; Joseph; Jemima who married Captain Alvin Nye, and Abigail. I have no record of the name of the fifth except as Sally who married a Foss in Unity.

As you probably know, the widow Hannah Arey married Phineas Eames of Bucksport. He in his will mentions his wife Hannah and orders her "to maintain my daughter Abigail during the life of my said wife" and mentions that at her death (his wife's) one half of the property is to go "to Abigail, my son Phineas, and daughters Polly Curtis, Sally Partridge, Patty Emerson, Hannah Higgins and Jemima Arey, daughter of my aforesaid wife."

* * * * *

It has been many years since I had the "genealogical fever" but a letter like yours always brings back the symptoms [*sic*] and I know I am not yet immune. I spent three happy years in the rooms of the New England Historic and Genealogical Society and in the rooms of the Mayflower Society when father was stationed in Boston years ago. . . .

²³ For example, based on family tradition, Mrs. Hayden assumed that the Murch family was related to the Muchemore family of the now defunct town of Gosport, N.H. (Isles of Shoals). There is no evidence to support this assumption. Mrs. Hayden further assumed that James and George "Murch" of Arundel (now Kennebunkport), Maine, were brothers of William Murch, father of Walter Murch and grandfather of Benjamin Murch. The surname of James and George of Arundel, however, was *March*, not Murch, and they descended from Hugh March of Newbury, Mass. See Walter Goodwin Davis, *The Ancestry of Abel Lunt, 1769-1806 of Newbury, Massachusetts* (Portland, Maine, 1963), 125-37.

²⁴ Hayden, Coll. 1771, MHS.

With best wishes for your success in the research work, I am

Sincerely yours,

[signed] Frances Tribou Tinsman

In a subsequent letter back to Mrs. Tinsman dated 1 January 1931, Mrs. Hayden reviewed the Arey genealogy contained in *The History of Martha's Vineyard*,²⁵ and stated that the Abigail Arey who married Benjamin Murch was the daughter of Joseph Arey, baptized 14 August 1740, the son of Richard and Hannah Arey of Truro, Massachusetts,²⁶ and a descendant of Richard Arey, a mariner who was in Salisbury, Massachusetts, by 1646. Mrs. Hayden went on to state, without citing any sources, that Joseph Arey married Hannah Bickford at Eastham, 24 November 1761, and that the couple was in Orrington, Maine, by 1776.²⁷ Finally, Mrs. Hayden noted the existence of another Joseph Arey, this one born 24 May 1715, the son of Samuel and Mary (Mayo) Arey, who married 11 March 1741/2 Hannah Rogers.²⁸

These letters raised a host of questions: Who was Frances Tribou Tinsman? What was her connection to the Murch family? Is there any evidence to support the Arey family genealogy as outlined by Mrs. Tinsman? And is there any evidence to support Mrs. Hayden's identification of Joseph and Hannah (Bickford) Arey as the parents of Abigail Arey?

MURCH FAMILY CONNECTIONS

Research revealed that Frances Tribou Tinsman was born in Boston, 18 January 1879, as Frances Howard Tribou, the daughter of David Howard Tribou of Hampden, Maine, and Katie Davis of Ellsworth, Maine, and that she was a contemporary of Mina Ella (Pomeroy) Hayden.²⁹ David H. Tribou was listed in the 1880 census for Boston, under the name David H. Triboa, with wife Katy D., and two-year-old daughter Frances H.³⁰ In the 1900 census, David H. Tribou was enumerated as a chaplain at the Boston Navy Yard,³¹ which explains Mrs. Tinsman's reference to her father having been stationed in Boston. Frances Tinsman died June 1968 in Saint Petersburg, Florida, at the age of 89.³²

²⁵ Charles Edward Banks, *The History of Martha's Vineyard, Dukes County, Massachusetts, in Three Volumes* (Boston, 1911), 2:36–38, 3:18–19.

²⁶ The baptism actually occurred 17 Aug. 1740, per original record uploaded at Massachusetts, Town and Vital Records, 1620–1988, Ancestry.com.

²⁷ Hayden, Coll. 1771, MHS.

²⁸ Hayden, Coll. 1771, MHS.

²⁹ Massachusetts, Town and Vital Records, 1620–1988, Ancestry.com; her parents m. (int.) Hampden, 1 March 1873 (*Hampden VRs*, 222).

³⁰ David H. Triboa household, 1880 U.S. Census, Boston, Suffolk Co., Mass., E.D. 594, p. 397C, #314/458.

³¹ David H. Tribou household, 1900 U.S. Census, Navy Yard, Suffolk Co., Mass., E.D. 1841, p. 1A, #23/23.

³² Social Security Death Index, Ancestry.com.

Mrs. Tinsman was a descendant of Benjamin and Abigail Murch through their son Timothy Merritt Murch, as shown below.³³

Benjamin Murch 1765–1846	m.	Abigail [Arey?] by 1770–aft. 1803
Timothy Merritt Murch 1798–1866	m.	Amanda L. — 1801–1848
Clarinda Irish Murch 1825–1873	m.	David Jones Tribou 1818–1893?
David Howard Tribou 1848–1922?	m.	Katie Davis by 1855–?
Frances Howard Tribou 1879–1968	m.	Hiawatha W. Tinsman ca. 1877–1941

In her 16 October 1930 letter to Mrs. Hayden, Mrs. Tinsman stated that Timothy Merritt Murch, son of Benjamin and Abigail Murch, was “named for Timothy Merritt who was the minister [in Orrington] for many years.”³⁴ According to the published *History of Methodism in Maine 1793–1886*, there was indeed a Methodist minister named Timothy Merritt who preached as early as 1797 on a circuit in eastern Maine that included Hampden and Orrington.³⁵ Rev. Merritt would certainly have been known to Benjamin Murch, who was a Methodist class leader (i.e., a layman who would lead a small group of church adherents in weekly prayer and Bible study meetings) in Hampden beginning in 1795.³⁶

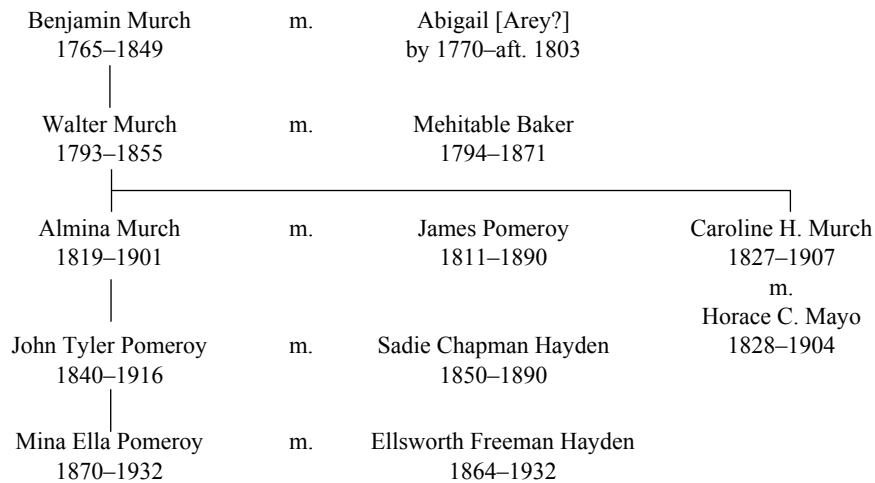
³³ *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 1*, 210–11; *Hampden VRs*, 132, 222; David [J.] Tribou household, 1850–1870 U.S. Censuses, Hampden, Penobscot Co., Maine, p. 320, #101/109 (1850), p. 61, #506/589 (1860), p. 58 (1870), #306/318; David H. Tribou household, 1880 U.S. Census, Boston, Suffolk Co., Mass., E.D. 594, p. 397C, #314/458; David H. Tribou household, 1900 U.S. Census, Navy Yard, Suffolk Co., Mass., E.D. 1841, p. 1A, #23/23; Hiawatha W. Tinsman household, 1920 U.S. Census, Washington, District of Columbia, E.D. 70, p. 15A, #126/280; 4 April 1911 marriage of Hiawatha W. Tinsman and Frances H. Tribou (Delaware, Marriage Records, 1806–1933, Ancestry.com); 7 June 1941 death record for Hiawatha Washington Tinsman (U.S. National Cemetery Interment Control Forms, 1928–1962, Ancestry.com). There is no evidence that Mrs. Tinsman had any children.

³⁴ Hayden, Coll. 1771, MHS.

³⁵ Rev. Stephen Allen, and Rev. W.H. Pilsbury, *History of Methodism in Maine, 1793–1886* 2 vols. in 1 (Augusta, Maine, 1887), 1:42–44, 599; 2:57, 89, 102, 124–125, 138. Also of note is the fact that Mrs. Frances Tinsman’s father, Navy Chaplain David H. Tribou, the great-grandson of Benjamin Murch, was an ordained Methodist minister (*ibid.*, 2:254).

³⁶ Allen and Pilsbury, *History of Methodism in Maine*, 2:83.

Mina Ella (Pomeroy) Hayden's line of descent from Benjamin and Abigail Murch went through their son, Walter, to Almira Murch, who married James Pomeroy (making Mrs. Hayden and Mrs. Tinsman third cousins). The Caroline Mayo Murch referred to by Mrs. Tinsman in her letter to Mrs. Hayden, cited above, appears to be the Caroline H. Murch, daughter of Benjamin and Abigail Murch's son Walter, who married Horace C. Mayo in Hampden 7 May 1854. The Mayo and Pomeroy lines follow.³⁷



The Murch connections discussed above reveal three facts of note. First, both Mrs. Tinsman (born Frances Howard Tribou) and Mrs. Hayden (born Mina Ella Pomeroy) were descendants of Benjamin and Abigail Murch, and thus had a direct interest in determining the identity and ancestry of Benjamin's wife, Abigail. Second, Caroline (Murch) Mayo was the granddaughter of Benjamin and Abigail Murch and, given her date of birth, could well have been known to Mrs. Tinsman's father, David Howard Tribou. And third, Mrs. Tinsman appeared to correctly identify the origin of the name given to her great-grandfather, Timothy Merritt Murch.

THE AREY FAMILY OF ORRINGTON, MAINE

Joseph Arey was an early settler of Orrington (originally organized as New Worcester Plantation) in 1774,³⁸ and was assessed a Province Tax of 6s. 2d. on 1

³⁷ *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 1*, 210–211; *Hampden VRs*, 189; Pomeroy, *Hayden Genealogy*; Janice Reynold, *History of the Mayo Family* (Salem, Oregon, 1999; copy in the collection of the Hampden Historical Society). There is no evidence that Mrs. Hayden had any children.

³⁸ Joseph W. Porter, ed., *The Bangor Historical Magazine Later the Maine Historical Magazine 1885–1894*, 4 vols. (Camden, Maine, 1993), 2:935 (hereafter cited as *Bangor Hist. Mag.*). Orrington is located on the east side of the Penobscot River across from Hampden.

June 1776.³⁹ He died by 1785, when his widow, Hannah, was in Orrington with five children.⁴⁰ Hannah Arey, widow, received a grant of 100 acres of land in Orrington in 1786.⁴¹ Hannah married second, 15 June 1788 (intentions entered 22 May 1788), Phineas Eames of Bucksport.⁴² There is no other Arey family known to have been in Bangor, Brewer, Hampden, or Orrington at this time.

No birth records or names for the children of Joseph and Hannah Arey of Orrington have yet been found in any published vital records or municipal histories for Maine or Massachusetts. However, Phineas Eames of Buckstown (later Bucksport) in his will, dated 28 December 1814, gave “to my beloved wife Hannah the use and improvement of all my Real and personal Estate during her natural life . . . and after the decease of my said wife I give and bequeath the one half of all my Real and personal Estate to my daughter Abigail for her maintenance during her natural life,⁴³ and whatever is left of said half after her decease to be divided equally between my son Phineas and Daughters Polly Curtis, Sally Partridge, Patty Emerson, Hannah Higgins and *Jemima Ary daughter of my aforesaid wife . . .* and I will that the other half of my Estate after the decease of my wife aforesaid be equally divided between my son Phineas and Daughters Polly, Sally, Patty, Hannah and *Jemima Ary as aforesaid [italics added].*”⁴⁴ This clearly establishes that Jemima Arey was the daughter of Joseph and Hannah Arey.

Mrs. Tinsman, in her 10 October 1930 letter to Mrs. Hayden, identified two of the five children of Joseph and Hannah Arey as daughter Hannah, who married Nahum Emery, and daughter Jemima, who married Captain Alvin Nye. There is some evidence to support these claims.

According to the Emery genealogy, Nahum Emery, son of John and Hannah (Furbush) Emery, was born in Kittery, Maine, in 1763, and married in 1788 as his first wife Hannah Arey, who died in 1808 after giving birth to nine recorded chil-

³⁹ *Bangor Hist. Mag.*, 2:126; David Livingstone Swett, *Records of Orrington Penobscot County, Maine, Volume 5, Tax Records 1776–1833* (Rockport, Maine, 1998), 1 (hereafter cited as *Orrington Records, Vol.5*).

⁴⁰ *Bangor Hist. Mag.*, 2:211.

⁴¹ Mildred N. Thayer, and Mrs. Edward W. Ames, *Brewer, Orrington, Holden, Eddington History and Families* (Brewer, Maine, 1962), 32–34. See also *Orrington Records, Vol. 5*, 505–6.

⁴² David Livingstone Swett, *Vital Records of Orrington Penobscot County, Maine Prior to 1892* (Camden, Maine, 1995), 181 (hereafter cited as *Orrington VRs*). See also H. Russell Cox, and David L. Swett, *History of Orrington, Maine* (Brewer, Maine, 1998), 198 (hereafter cited as *History of Orrington*). See also *Bangor Hist. Mag.*, 2:211.

⁴³ Contrary to the implication of Mrs. Tinsman’s 16 Oct. 1930 letter to Mrs. Hayden, quoted above, the Abigail being referenced here is clearly not Abigail Arey, but is instead Abigail Eames, daughter of Phineas Eames and his 1st wife, Mary Cotton. See Wilmot Spofford Ames, *Robert Eames (Ames) 1640–1693 of Andover and Boxford, Massachusetts* (Gardiner, Maine, 1941), 1:38; Frank Ethridge Cotton, *The Cotton Family of Portsmouth, N.H.* (Boston, 1905), 12 (hereafter cited as Cotton, *Cotton Family*).

⁴⁴ Hancock Co., Maine, Probate Records, #802 (transcription by Tim Ames, “The Phineas Ames Genealogy Web Site,” <<http://timames.net/phinsite/phinmore.html>>, accessed 30 July 2013).

dren.⁴⁵ Nahum's parents, John and Hannah (Furbush) Emery, reportedly lived in Kittery until 1773, when they removed to what is now Brewer, Maine, and afterwards to Hampden.⁴⁶ In 1790, Nahum Emery joined Benjamin Murch and other early settlers of Hampden in signing a petition to the Massachusetts Bay General Court to obtain clear title to their lands.⁴⁷

According to the Nye genealogy, Alvin Nye, son of Elisha and Lucy (Tobey) Nye, was born in Sandwich, Massachusetts, 22 May 1768, and resided in Bangor, Maine.⁴⁸ Alvin's father, Elisha Nye, removed to Hallowell in 1781 with his second wife and six children.⁴⁹ The marriage intentions of Capt. Alvin Nye and Miss Jemima Ary, both of Hampden, were recorded in Hampden in May 1837.⁵⁰ This appears to have been a second marriage for Alvin Nye, as the Nye genealogy notes a child Frances, born in 1802 in Hallowell (wife's name not given).⁵¹ Also, the birth of Martha Ann Nye, daughter of Alvin and Susan Nye, was recorded 5 June 1814 in Bangor.⁵² There is no evidence that Alvin and Jemima (Arey) Nye had any children. (Captain Nye would have been 69 at the time of his marriage to Jemima Arey and Jemima would have been in her fifties or older since her father died in 1785).

Given no other Arey family is found in the Hampden area at the time of these marriages, it would appear that the Hannah Arey and Jemima Arey who married Nahum Emery and Alvin Nye, respectively, were the daughters of Joseph and Hannah Arey, as claimed by Mrs. Frances Tinsman.

Another piece of evidence regarding the Arey family comes from a Revolutionary War pension record. The following facts assist in understanding this record:

1. On 29 April 1787, William Murch married Hannah Thompson, both of New Worcester Plantation (now Orrington), and had ten children born in Hampden.⁵³
2. On 19 Oct. 1788, Ezekiel Cobb of Hampden, a Revolutionary War veteran,⁵⁴ married Nancy Thompson of Orrington, sister of Hannah Thompson (who married William Murch).⁵⁵

⁴⁵ Rev. Rufus Emery, *Genealogical Records of Descendants of John and Anthony Emery, of Newbury, Mass. 1590–1890* (Salem, Mass., 1890), 364 (hereafter cited as *Emery Genealogy*).

⁴⁶ *Emery Genealogy*, 333.

⁴⁷ *Bangor Hist. Mag.*, 1:258; *Hampden Hist. Sketches*, 7.

⁴⁸ George Hyatt Nye and Frank E. Best, comps., and David Fisher Nye, ed., *A Genealogy of the Nye Family* (Cleveland, Ohio, 1907), 269 (hereafter cited as *Nye Genealogy*).

⁴⁹ *Nye Genealogy*, 164–65.

⁵⁰ *Hampden VRs*, 66.

⁵¹ *Nye Genealogy*, 269.

⁵² Michelle E. Thomas, comp., *Vital Records of Bangor, Maine, Volume I: Birth Records* (Rockport, Maine, 2002), 218. Several undocumented family trees on Ancestry.com identify Susan Norcross as the 1st wife of Alvin Nye.

⁵³ Ruth Gray, ed., and Joseph Crook Anderson, II, assoc. ed., *Maine Families in 1790, Vol. 3* (Camden, Maine, 1992), 193 (hereafter cited as *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 3*).

⁵⁴ *Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors of the Revolutionary War*, 17 vols. (Boston, 1896–1908), 3:670.

⁵⁵ *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 4*, 42, 55.

The births of five children were recorded to Ezekiel and Nancy Cobb in Hampden⁵⁶. After Ezekiel died in 1816, his widow married Shebna Swett, who died in 1843.⁵⁷

3. As noted, Benjamin and Abigail Murch were married and living in Hampden when their first recorded child was born on 11 Jan. 1789.

William Murch, Ezekiel Cobb, and Benjamin Murch were first cousins, being the offspring of siblings John Murch (who married Anna Dean), Elizabeth Murch (who married Elisha Cobb), and Walter Murch (who married Jerusha Brown).⁵⁸ In 1853, Nancy Swett applied for and received a pension as the widow of Ezekiel Cobb.⁵⁹ Among the depositions submitted on behalf of Nancy's application was one from Jemima Nye, recorded 21 January 1853 [*emphasis added*]:

I Jemima Nye on oath depose and say that I am 75 years of age [and] was born in the year 1777 that I was well acquainted with Ezekiel Cobb late of Hampden in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine deceased. . . . *I was present at the marriage of said Ezekiel Cobb and Nancy whose maiden name was Nancy Thompson—at the house of William Murch* in a place on the Penobscot River then unincorporated, since the Town of Hampden[.] The said Ezekiel and Nancy were married by Simeon Fowles Esquire a magistrate who married most of the couples in those days for 30 miles up and down the river[.] It was solemnized on some day in the month of October in the year seventeen hundred and eighty eight[.] *I was thin [sic] living at the house of said Murch who was my brother in law*

Said Ezekiel lived at said Hampden and said Nancy at Orrington on the opposite side of the river[.] There was a considerable company of friends and acquaintances at the marriage[.] There was dancing and a pretty gay time[.] *Many others were present among thim [sic] I recollect . . . Benjamin Murch and wife. . . .* I do not know of any one present at the marriage who is now living besides myself[.] I was thin [sic] eleven years old—I recollect all the circumstances as well as of they happened yesterday. . . . I also state that said Ezekiel and Nancy had a large family of children. . . . The said Nancy is the same person who married for her second husband Shebna Swett and she is now a widow[.] I also state that the said Cobb was reputed in his life time to have served for a good while in the Revolution[.]

The deponent here was undoubtedly Jemima (Arey) Nye, wife of Capt. Alvin Nye. It is noteworthy that the wedding of Ezekiel Cobb and Nancy Thompson took place in the house of Ezekiel Cobb's cousin, William Murch, and that another cousin, Benjamin Murch, was present at the wedding. Even more noteworthy is that Jemima speaks of living in the house of William Murch, whom she identifies as her "brother-in-law." While William Murch was not in fact the brother-in-law of Jemi-

⁵⁶ *Maine Families in 1790*, 3:50-51. Please note that this sketch incorrectly cites the marriage of Ezekiel Cobb and Nancy Thompson as occurring in Gorham on 9 October 1787.

⁵⁷ *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 3*, 50; *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 4*, 42.

⁵⁸ The basis for these identifications is too voluminous to include here, but will be presented in a future article in *The Maine Genealogist*.

⁵⁹ Revolutionary War Pension Application, #W22359.

ma Nye, there was clearly a marriage connection between the Murch and Arey families. The only possible connection is that it was Jemima's sister, Abigail Arey, who married Benjamin Murch.⁶⁰

At this point, the circumstantial evidence was mounting that the wife of Benjamin Murch was born Abigail Arey. This prompted an investigation into the ancestry of the Joseph and Hannah Arey of Orrington for further clues to the identity of Benjamin Murch's wife Abigail.

AREY GENEALOGY

Beginning with the immigrant Richard Arey of Martha's Vineyard, an extensive genealogy of the Arey family was published in *The New England Historic Genealogical Register* beginning in October 1932.⁶¹ It is noteworthy that Benjamin and Abigail Murch named their fourth child Stoars/Stores. This unusual name runs through three generations of Richard Arey's descendants, beginning with Stowers (Stoars/Stores), born probably in Truro about 1720.⁶² While not conclusive, the name is suggestive of a connection between the Murch and Arey families.⁶³

There are only two Arey men with the given name Joseph included in this genealogy who could have been in Orrington in 1774⁶⁴: Joseph⁴ Arey (*Samuel*³, *Richard*²⁻¹), born 24 May 1715;⁶⁵ and Joseph⁴ Arey (*Richard*³⁻¹), born sometime after 27 February 1726/7.⁶⁶

The genealogy suggests that it was the elder Joseph Arey who moved to Orrington. The full text of this entry is given below:

⁶⁰ It is also noted that, at the time of the wedding of Ezekiel Cobb and Nancy Thompson in Oct. 1788, Jemima Arey's father, Joseph Arey, was dead and her mother, widow Hannah Arey, was already remarried to Phineas Eames. This probably explains why the eleven-year-old Jemima was living in another household.

⁶¹ Richard Vary Chamberlin, "Richard Arey of Martha's Vineyard and Some of His Descendants," *The New England Historic and Genealogical Register* (NEHGR) 86(1932):391-406; 87(1933):5-27 (hereafter cited as "Richard Arey of Martha's Vineyard"). In a cruel irony, the publication of this genealogy occurred four months after Mrs. Mina Pomeroy Hayden's death.

⁶² "Richard Arey of Martha's Vineyard," NEHGR 86(1932):395. See also Stowers Arey, b. Wellfleet, Mass., 12 Aug. 1776, and his son, Capt. Stowers Arey, b. Wellfleet, March 1800, and later a master mariner in Bucksport, Maine ("Richard Arey of Martha's Vineyard," NEHGR 87[1933]:14).

⁶³ It should also be noted that both Mrs. Tinsman and Mrs. Hayden state that the name of the 4th child of Benjamin and Abigail Murch was Stores Arey Murch. While likely true, no proof of this has been found. He signed his will Storrs A. Murch (Penobscot Co. Probate Records, 57:432).

⁶⁴ The only other known Joseph Arey b. prior to 1774 d. 11 Feb. 1736/7 ("Richard Arey of Martha's Vineyard," NEHGR, 86[1932]:395).

⁶⁵ "Richard Arey of Martha's Vineyard," NEHGR, 86(1932):396.

⁶⁶ "Richard Arey of Martha's Vineyard," NEHGR, 86(1932):395-96. This Joseph Arey was the son of Richard³ Arey and his 2nd wife, Hannah —. Richard Arey's 1st wife, Lydia Norton, d. after giving birth to triplets, 27 Feb. 1726/7. No date is given for the marriage of Richard Arey and his 2nd wife, and no birth dates are given for their children.

JOSEPH,⁴ b. 24 May 1715 in that part of Eastham which is now Orleans; d. before 1785; m. at Eastham, 11 Mar. 1741/2 (Rev. Joseph Crocker officiating), HANNAH ROGERS, who m. (2) at Bucksport, Me., 15 June 1788, Phineas Eames.

He is apparently the Joseph Arey who settled at Orrington, Me., in 1774, and was a petitioner there in 1783. His widow, Hannah Arey, was a grantee of land in 1786 and is recorded as having five children at that time.⁶⁷

The Hannah Rogers who married Joseph Arey was a fifth-generation descendant of *Mayflower* passenger Thomas Rogers. The revised “Silver Book” on the Thomas Rogers family, published in 2000, contains the following entry for Hannah Rogers, fourth and last child of Judah and Patience (Lombard) Rogers:

HANNAH bp. 28 July 1717; died after 18 Jan. 1745/6 when she and her husband signed a deed. She m. Eastham 11 March 1741/2 JOSEPH AREY, poss. b. Eastham 24 March 1715, son of Samuel and Mary (Mayo) Arey. On 18 Jan. 1745/6 Joseph Arey and wife Hannah, and her siblings and their spouses and others, agreed to divide a piece of land. On 18 Dec. 1752 Joseph and Hannah sold land in Harwich. Did they settle in Orrington ME 1774 or was that the Joseph Arey and Hannah (Bickford) who m. Eastham 1761? No known ch.⁶⁸

Two considerations raise significant doubts that it was Joseph Arey and Hannah Rogers who moved to Orrington. First, Hannah Rogers would have been about 25 years old (having been baptized 28 July 1717) when she married Joseph Arey in March 1741/2. She would therefore have been of childbearing age until about 1762, when she would have been about 45 years old. It is possible, but seemingly unlikely, that Hannah (Rogers) Arey would have had a daughter, Hannah, who married Nahum Emery in 1788 and would go on to have children until 1808. Likewise, it is also possible, but seemingly unlikely, that Hannah (Rogers) Arey would have had a daughter Abigail, who married Benjamin Murch by 1789 and would go on to have children until 1804. And, most importantly, it is simply impossible that Hannah (Rogers) Arey could have had a daughter Jemima who by her own deposition was born in 1777, when Hannah Rogers would have been 60 years old.

Second, and most significantly, Hannah Arey and her second husband, Phineas Eames, are buried in an old church cemetery in Bucksport, Maine.⁶⁹ The inscription on Hannah’s gravestone, now located at Riverview Cemetery in Bucksport,⁷⁰ reads:

⁶⁷ “Richard Arey of Martha’s Vineyard,” NEHGR, 86(1932):396. The only more recent and relevant Arey genealogy found essentially repeats the same information. See Donald Weston Arey, *Genealogy of the Arey Family* (Hopedale, Mass., 1982), 8–29.

⁶⁸ *Mayflower Families Through Five Generations*, 19: Thomas Rogers, by Alice W. A. Westgate, revised by Ann T. Reeves (Plymouth, Mass., 2000), 27 (hereafter cited as *Mayflower Fams. 5 Gens.*: Rogers). It is noted that this latest “Silver Book” entry is less definitive than “Richard Arey of Martha’s Vineyard” on the issue of which Joseph and Hannah Arey moved to Orrington.

⁶⁹ “Inscriptions at Bucksport, Maine,” NEHGR 91(1937):198.

⁷⁰ An adjacent plaque reads “STONES FROM THE OLD METHODIST CHURCH BURYING GROUND AT BUCKSPORT CENTER.” The author thanks Tim Ames for locating these stones.

Mrs.
 Hannah.
Second wife of
Mr. Phinehas Eames
 Died Aug. 20, 1828
 AEt. 75 yr
 & 5 mo

If the death date on her gravestone is correct, then Hannah (Arey) Eames could not have been born Hannah Rogers, because she would have been more than one hundred and eleven years old at the time of her death.

By process of elimination, the Joseph Arey and Hannah Bickford, who married at Eastham, 24 November 1761,⁷¹ are the only candidates for the couple who were in Orrington in 1774.

THE BICKFORD CONNECTION

Jeremiah Bickford was born in Eastham, 15 February 1720/1, son of Jeremiah and Hannah (Young) Bickford.⁷² He married in Eastham (intentions recorded 4 June 1740) Abigail Holbrook.⁷³ Three of the daughters of Jeremiah and Abigail are known to have married and moved to Orrington:

1. Jemima Bickford m. Eastham, 14 Jan. 1762, Solomon Swett. Solomon Swett came to Orrington in 1777 and was a grantee of 100 acres with a wife and six children in 1786.⁷⁴
2. Ruhamah Bickford m. 3 Dec. 1767, Nathaniel Gould.⁷⁵ Nathaniel Gould settled in Orrington prior to 1770.⁷⁶
3. Abigail Bickford m. 27 Oct. 1768, Joseph Harding. Joseph Harding was in Orrington prior to 1783.⁷⁷ She m. (2) (int.) 6 Aug. 1803, Nathaniel Gould, widower of her sister Ruhamah.⁷⁸

⁷¹ *Eastham VRs*, 156. This marriage is not contained in “Richard Arey of Martha’s Vineyard.” If Hannah (Arey) Eames was in fact only 75 years old at the time of her death, as stated on her gravestone, then she was born in 1753, and would have been too young to marry Joseph Arey in 1761. The simplest explanation for this inconsistency is that Hannah was born in 1743, making her 18 or 19 years old at the time of her marriage to Joseph Arey and 85 years old at the time of her death. Finally, because Phineas Eames did not alter his 1814 will, in which he left his estate to his wife Hannah, it is assumed that he died before Hannah. Phineas Eames died in 1820, so Hannah died sometime after that, which is consistent with the date of death of 1828 on her gravestone.

⁷² Andrew P. Langlois. “Descendants of John Young of Plymouth and Eastham,” *The Mayflower Descendant* 54(2005):103–4 (hereafter cited as Langlois, “Descendants of John Young”).

⁷³ *Eastham VRs*, 149 (entered as Jeremiah Bigford & Abigel Holbrooks).

⁷⁴ Joseph Crook Anderson II, ed., *Maine Families in 1790, Vol. 7* (Rockport, Maine, 2001), 511; *History of Orrington*, 333; *Eastham VRs*, 156.

⁷⁵ *History of Orrington*, 260.

⁷⁶ Ruth Gray, ed., *Maine Families in 1790, Vol. 2* (Camden, Maine, 1990), 112–13 (hereafter cited as *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 2*).

⁷⁷ *History of Orrington*, 261.

⁷⁸ *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 2*, 112–13; *History of Orrington*, 260.

Because Joseph and Hannah (Bickford) Arey followed the same migration pattern from Cape Cod to Orrington, it is concluded that Hannah Bickford, who married Joseph Arey in 1761 and moved to Orrington, was also the daughter of Jeremiah and Abigail Bickford. It is noteworthy that all four Bickford sisters—Hannah, Jemima, Abigail, and Ruhamah—were in Orrington with their families by 1783. It is also noteworthy that the likely daughters of Joseph and Hannah (Bickford) Arey were named Hannah, Jemima, and Abigail.

CONCLUSION AND POSTSCRIPT

The evidence presented above points to one conclusion—that the wife of Benjamin Murch of Hampden was born Hannah Arey, daughter of Joseph and Hannah (Bickford) Arey of Orrington.

After this article was submitted for publication, a chance discovery confirmed the identity of the wife of Benjamin Murch as Abigail Arey of Orrington. As noted, no marriage record exists for Benjamin Murch in the published vital records of Hampden or any of the surrounding towns, nor does any marriage record exist for an Abigail Arey in the published vital records of Orrington. No marriage date is given in the *Maine Families in 1790* sketch of the family of Benjamin Murch prepared by noted historian Katherine Trickey and published in 1988. No marriage date is given for Benjamin Murch in the *Maine Families in 1790* sketch of the family of Benjamin's father, Walter Murch, published in 1994. Finally, no marriage date for Benjamin and Abigail Murch was identified by either Mrs. Mina (Pomeroy) Hayden or Mrs. Frances (Tribou) Tinsman, both of whom were descendants of Benjamin and Abigail Murch, and both of whom investigated their shared ancestry. On the basis of these facts, a reasonable conclusion was reached that no marriage record existed. Surprisingly, that is not the case.

Of significance, the towns of Hampden and Orrington were in Lincoln County until 1789, when they became part of the newly-formed county of Hancock. Here they remained until 1815, when they became part of Penobscot County. In 2002 the Maine Genealogical Society published *Marriage Returns of Lincoln County, Maine, to 1866*. This volume contains a transcription of the so-called Green Scrapbook, stored in the vault of the Lincoln County Courthouse in Wiscasset, in which were pasted all of the marriage returns received from town clerks and ministers during the period from about 1770 to 1860.⁷⁹ Among these records is a list of marriages submitted by Solomon Swett, Town Clerk of Orrington (and, as shown above, husband of Jemima Bickford) involving persons of other towns not named, including:

Sept. 24, 1787 Benjamin Murch & Abigail Arey⁸⁰

⁷⁹ Judith Holbrook Kelley and Clayton Rand Adams, eds., *Marriage Returns of Lincoln County, Maine, to 1866* (Rockport, Maine, 2002), v–vi (hereafter cited as *Marriage Returns of Lincoln Co.*).

⁸⁰ *Marriage Returns of Lincoln Co.*, 358–59.

As Benjamin Murch is known to have been a resident of Hampden, Abigail Arey had to have been from Orrington. Benjamin and Abigail were married only four months after the marriage of William Murch of Hampden, Benjamin's first cousin, to Hannah Thompson of Orrington, suggesting that the extended family may have moved to Hampden from Gorham together.

The moral of this story is, of course, that one can never know where and when vital genealogical information, in this case a marriage record, will turn up.

FAMILY SUMMARY

JOSEPH⁴ AREY (*Richard³⁻¹*) was baptized at Truro, Massachusetts, 17 August 1740, son of Richard and his second wife Hannah (Burge) Arey.⁸¹ He died in Orrington, Maine, by 1785.⁸² He married in Eastham, 24 November 1761, HANNAH⁵ BICKFORD (*Jeremiah⁴⁻³, Samuel², John¹*).⁸³ Hannah was born probably in Eastham by 1743 (based on her date of marriage), daughter of Jeremiah and Abigail (Holbrook) Bickford. The widow Hannah Arey married secondly, 15 June 1788, Phineas Eames of Bucksport,⁸⁴ widower of Mary Cotton.⁸⁵ He died in Bucksport, 20 April 1820.⁸⁶ Hannah died in Bucksport, 20 August 1828.⁸⁷

Joseph and Hannah were in Orrington with their family by 1774.⁸⁸ Hannah's sister Ruhama, who married Nathaniel Gould, was already settled in Orrington.⁸⁹ Hannah's other sisters, Jemima, who married Solomon Swett, and Abigail, who married Joseph Harding, followed Hannah to Orrington within the next ten years.⁹⁰

⁸¹ "1740 August 17, Joseph son of Richard Arey" [baptized], Massachusetts, Town and Vital Records, 1620–1988, Ancestry.com. "Richard Arey of Martha's Vineyard" does not identify the surname of Richard Arey's 2nd wife, Hannah (NEHGR, 86[1932]:395–96). The published vital records of Eastham and Orleans, however, contain the following record (*Eastham VRs*, 140): "May y^c 12th 1727 Richard Airie of Eastham Signified his purpose to mary with Hannah Burge resident of Eastham in order to be published." "Richard Arey of Martha's Vineyard" shows that the only Richard Arey living and of an age to marry in 1727 was Richard³ Arey, son of Richard² and Sarah (Marchant) Arey, whose 1st wife, Lydia Norton, d. after the 26 Feb. 1726/7 birth of triplets.

⁸² *Bangor Hist. Mag.*, 2:211.

⁸³ *Mayflower Fams. 5 Gens.*: Rogers, 27; *Eastham VRs*, 149, 207; Langlois, *Descendants of John Young*, 103–4. For the first two Bickford generations, see Catherine Bickford Fahnestock, *Three Hundred Fifty Years of Bickfords in New Hampshire* (Cottonport, Louisiana, 1971), 88–105.

⁸⁴ *Orrington VRs*, 181.

⁸⁵ Cotton, *Cotton Family*, 12.

⁸⁶ Gravestone, Riverview Cemetery, Bucksport. See also "Inscriptions at Bucksport, Maine," NEHGR 91(1937):198.

⁸⁷ Gravestone, Riverview Cemetery, Bucksport. See also "Inscriptions at Bucksport, Maine," NEHGR 91(1937):198.

⁸⁸ *Bangor Hist. Mag.*, 2:935.

⁸⁹ *Maine Fams, in 1790, Vol. 2*, 112–13.

⁹⁰ *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 7*, 511; *History of Orrington*, 261.

Children of Joseph⁴ Arey and Hannah (Bickford) Arey (order assumed):⁹¹

- i JOSEPH AREY, b. by Oct 1768 (if at least age 21 when he deeded property). On 15 Oct. 1789, "Joseph Ary of orrington in the County [of] Lincoln" sold to Thomas Ary of Eastham "all my Right in the undevided Land meadow and sedge ground in the severiel Proppriatees in the south part of Eastham."⁹² As the Joseph Arey who married Hannah Bickford is known to have died by 1785,⁹³ this must be his son. No record of marriage or death has been found.
- ii ABIGAIL⁵ AREY, b. prob. Eastham, Mass., by 1769 (if at least age 18 at marriage), presumably d. bef. 24 Feb. 1831, when Benjamin Murch of Hampden, "in consideration of a Bond given to me for my support during my life by Timothy M. Murch," deeded to his son Timothy all his real estate in Hampden,⁹⁴ m. 24 Sept 1787, BENJAMIN MURCH,⁹⁵ son of Walter and Jerusha (Brown) Murch.⁹⁶
- iii HANNAH AREY, b. prob. Eastham, by 1770 (if at least age 18 at marriage), d. by 1808 when her husband remarried;⁹⁷ m. 1788, NATHUM EMERY, son of John and Hannah (Furbush) Emery.
- iv JEMIMA AREY, b. prob. Orrington, 1777;⁹⁸ m. 1837, Capt. ALVIN NYE, son of Elisha and Lucy (Tobey) Nye.⁹⁹

Dana Paul Murch (7 Cedar Street, Belfast ME 04915; <danapmurch@gmail.com>) retired in 2011 after a career as the dams and hydropower regulatory specialist at the Maine Department of Environmental Protection. He is a thirteenth-generation "Maine-ah" and multiple Mayflower descendant, and is currently researching and writing a book on the history and genealogy of his branch of the Murch family

⁹¹ It is possible the children included a daughter Salley, though this is not proven. The marriage intentions of Silas Foss of Clinton and Salley Arey of Camden were recorded 9 Feb. 1798 (Col. Carleton Edward Fisher, ed., *Vital Records of Clinton, Maine, to the Year 1892* [Maine Historical Society, 1967], 188). No link has been found for this Salley Arey with the Orrington family.

⁹² "Unrecorded Barnstable County Deeds," *The Mayflower Descendant* 13(1911):108. The author thanks Orrington historian David L. Swett for uncovering this deed and Tim Ames for forwarding the reference.

⁹³ *Bangor Hist. Mag.*, 2:211.

⁹⁴ Penobscot Co. Deeds, 28:382–83.

⁹⁵ *Marriage Returns of Lincoln County*, 358–59

⁹⁶ *Maine Fams. in 1790, Vol. 1*, 210.

⁹⁷ *Emery Genealogy*, 364.

⁹⁸ Revolutionary War Pension Application #W22359.

⁹⁹ *Hampden VRs*, 66; *Nye Genealogy*, 269.

SOME OWNERS OF THE WHITE HOUSE OF BELFAST, MAINE

By Rick Davis

The White House in Belfast, Maine, is not the seat of any government. It *is* white, but that *isn't* why it is called that. Belfast's White House is more properly referred to as the James P. White House, after its first owner.

James P. White was born in a log house in Belfast on 2 September 1800. His father, Robert White, was a successful farmer in Chester, New Hampshire, before buying property in Belfast.¹ Robert White married Susannah Patterson on 24 December 1799. Her father, James Patterson, was one of the first settlers of Belfast, arriving in 1770.²

James P. White showed a keen business sense early on. He clerked in several stores before forming a partnership with William Avery in 1824. The next year, he married his former boss's sister, Mary Ann Clarke.³ By the time he entered his thirties, James P. White was already successful in several types of business, often in partnership with family members. Businesses associated with White's name included the Belfast Foundry Company, Marine Railway Company, Belfast Shop Company, and the Waldo Mutual Insurance Company. His interests included paper mills and ship-building.⁴ At age 36, he became one of only seven members of the Board of the newly formed Belfast Bank. Three decades later, he became President of the bank, a position he held until his death. As a businessman, he was intolerant of laziness, sloppiness, and intemperance, but he readily hired and promoted men of ability and loyalty.⁵ He possessed a practical approach to business matters. When his neighbor Josiah Simpson constructed a stable and woodhouse on White's property, he simply sold Simpson the small parcel.⁶

White was active in civic affairs, though he did not seek elected office.⁷ He was part of a committee established in 1845 to investigate the feasibility of forming the town of Waldo. Three years later, he was appointed to a committee charged with

¹ James Clarke White, *A Brief Account of the Families White and Clarke* (Salem, Mass., 1915), 16 (hereafter White, *Families of White and Clarke*); Joseph Williamson, *The History of the City of Belfast in the State of Maine*, 2 vols. (Portland, 1877–1913), 1:72, 98 (hereafter cited as Williamson, *History of Belfast*).

² Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 1:102–3.

³ White, *Families of White and Clarke*, 33; Alfred Johnson, ed., *Vital Records of Belfast, Maine, to the Year 1892*, 2 vols. (Portland, 1917–19), 2:463 (hereafter cited as *Belfast VRs*).

⁴ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 1:542, 694, 703–4; 2:17; James P. White obituary, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 27 March 1879.

⁵ James P. White obituary, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 27 March 1879.

⁶ Waldo Co., Maine, Deeds, 72:440.

⁷ James P. White obituary, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 27 March 1879; Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 2:17.

determining whether becoming a city would cost more than being a town did.⁸ He served as an alderman from 1856 to 1858. He was urged to run for mayor in 1861, won that post, and became a state senator the next year.⁹

James P. White's friend, business partner, and neighbor Joseph Williamson was Belfast's preeminent nineteenth-century historian. This is how Williamson described the city's reaction when White died on 25 March 1879:

As a mark of respect, the places of business in Belfast were closed at the time of his funeral, and the bell of the Unitarian Church, which he had attended during his whole life, was tolled. Mr. White is still [1902] well remembered by the older citizens of the town, which his energy, incessant industry, and unusual capacity for organizing and carrying on business enterprises, were instrumental in building up.¹⁰

James P. White purchased his first house in 1824 to provide a place in which to live with his bride, Mary Ann Clarke. This fine two-story Federal structure at the corner of Church and Pearl Streets in Belfast is within the Belfast Historic District, recognized on the National Register of Historic Places.

By 1840, however, this house was getting crowded for White's family, which now included seven children. His many business successes allowed him to build not just a larger home, but a showpiece home. He was bold enough to do this in the middle of the depression that followed the Panic of 1837. He engaged an up-and-coming 30-year-old architect named Calvin Ryder to design and construct his new home. Ryder designed several buildings in Belfast, including the Baptist Church and three other Greek Revival residences, including Joseph Williamson's house. But the one that stands out, his masterpiece, is the James P. White House at 1 Church Street.

Today the White House is featured in many guide books as a former bed and breakfast inn. But it is also a landmark because of its superb design. It has been said that the James P. White House is the most photographed residential building in Maine. It is included as an example of Greek Revival residential architecture in Deborah Thompson's *A Field Guide to American Houses*.¹¹ A photo of its glass cupola graces the cover of Thompson's *Maine Forms of American Architecture*. In Thompson's compilation, Denys Peter Myers says of the White House, "The subtle complexity of its variations on the Greek theme is unsurpassed by any other house in Maine." It is, he opines, "a magnificently conceived and executed house. . . . Both the house and its setting are irreplaceable assets not merely to Belfast or Maine but to the architectural heritage of the Nation."¹²

⁸ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 1:146, 179.

⁹ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 1:852–56.

¹⁰ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 2:17–18.

¹¹ Deborah Thompson, *Maine Forms of American Architecture* (Camden, Maine, 1976); David Schiff, *Building the Perfect Gazebo* (New York, 2004), 12; Virginia and Lee McAlester, *A Field Guide to American Houses* (New York, 2005), 188–89.

¹² Thompson, *Maine Forms of American Architecture*, 139–40, 159.



The James P. White House, Belfast, Maine

James P. White was one of the richest men in Belfast. When he died in 1879, he left an estate worth \$166,763.65. In addition to his exquisite home, he owned two stores on Main Street, \$13,500 in U.S. Bonds, one-eighth shares of two ships, and many thousands of dollars made up of personal notes, corporate bonds, and shares of stock.¹³

His extraordinary house has been occupied by other extraordinary people. This article will identify and discuss each of the next five owners of the James P. White House, taking its history down to the middle of the twentieth century.

James P. White's younger brother Robert White Jr. married twice. His second wife was Eliza Simonton, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Roberts) Simonton.¹⁴ In November 1865, Eliza's youngest sister, Harriet "Hattie" Simonton of Camden, married George W. Burkett, a clerk in the Simonton Brothers dry goods store, who was soon to build his own business in Belfast.¹⁵ Thus, Hattie Burkett was "Aunt Eliza's sister" to the children of James P. White. George and Hattie Burkett pur-

¹³ Waldo Co. Probate Records, #4719.

¹⁴ *Belfast VRs*, 2:464.

¹⁵ Maine, Marriage Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com; George W. Burkett obituary, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 3 Nov. 1912.

chased the White House from the estate of James P. White for \$5,142 on 11 October 1884.¹⁶ Hattie's mother had died in 1880, and it is possible that it was her inheritance that enabled the Burketts to buy the White House.¹⁷

George Burkett and Harriet Simonton were first cousins. Their grandparents in common were James and Susan (Gross) Simonton, who married 2 March 1792 in Camden.¹⁸ George W. Burkett served as assistant paymaster in the U.S. Navy on board the USS *Perry* from 25 September 1863 to 17 December 1864.¹⁹ According to his obituary, the Confederates captured him and held him at Libby Prison in Richmond for a time.²⁰ After the Civil War, he married Harriet Simonton. George clerked in the Simonton Brothers dry goods store in Rockland, Maine, before moving to Belfast to run a new branch there. Subsequently, he opened his own store, moving into the lower level of the new Odd Fellows Block when it was built in 1889. He served as an alderman in Belfast from 1889–1890, but he sought no other public office.²¹ In 1912, he sold his share of the business to his partner James H. Howes and retired. His wife Hattie, who had always been physically frail, died later that same year.²² When George died in 1921, his estate, which included no real property other than a small lot in Fort Payne, Alabama, was valued at more than \$60,000.²³

George and Harriet (Simonton) Burkett had three children, all of whom were still living at home when the Burketts bought the White House in 1884. The Burketts sold the house to Ellen (Duffie) Wilson on 1 October 1892,²⁴ and built a new house on North Main Street,²⁵ but by 1894 they were living at 8 Church Street, directly opposite their opulent former residence.²⁶

Ellen Duffie was born in Rockport, Maine, 18 March 1863.²⁷ Her father, Joel Duffie, was a truckman.²⁸ He was in his forties when he died, leaving a widow and four daughters. Flavilla, his widow, moved the family to Belfast where she worked

¹⁶ Waldo Co. Deeds, 204:243.

¹⁷ Waldo Co. Deeds, 204:243, recorded 14 Nov. 1884.

¹⁸ Marlene A. Groves, *Vital Records of Camden/Rockport, Maine* (Rockland, Maine, 2006), 505 (hereafter cited as *Camden/Rockport VRs*).

¹⁹ George W. Burkett, 1890 U.S. Census, Veterans Schedule, Belfast, Waldo Co., Maine, E.D. 192, p. 5, #235/335.

²⁰ George W. Burkett obituary, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 3 Nov. 1912.

²¹ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 2:258, 266, 584; George W. Burkett obituary, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 3 Nov. 1912.

²² Harriet Adella Burkett obituary, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 23 Oct. 1912.

²³ Waldo Co. Probate Records, #11219.

²⁴ Waldo Co. Deeds, 234:404.

²⁵ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 2:30.

²⁶ U.S. City Directories, 1821–1989, Ancestry.com, Belfast, Maine, 1894 City Directory, p. 39.

²⁷ Maine, Births and Christenings, 1617–1922, FamilySearch.org.

²⁸ Joel Duffie household, 1870 U.S. household, Camden, Knox Co., Maine, p. 39B, #331,335; U.S., Civil War Draft Registrations Records, 1863–1865, Ancestry.com.

as a tailoress. Ellen was a domestic servant in the household of Charles Ginn, a Belfast grocer,²⁹ before getting a job in A. P. Mansfield's dry goods store in Belfast.³⁰ In her obituary, she was described as "of pleasant, sunny disposition, ever willing to do all in her power for those near and dear to her, and always true to every duty of life as it was presented."³¹

On 7 October 1889, Ellen Duffie married Dr. Everard Wilson.³² Wilson started out in the apothecary business in partnership with Gustavus C. Kilgore. Kilgore developed the formula for *Dana's Sarsaparilla*, which they sold from their business, the City Drug Store. In 1888 they formed a corporation with Edgar F. Hanson, a local businessman who had been ill but was "cured" by cough syrup and sarsaparilla. Hanson engaged in an intensive marketing campaign and they sold 800,000 bottles over their first five years. In 1892, just before an economic collapse, the partners sold the business to Boston investors for \$300,000 in cash.³³

Then Everard Wilson decided to enter the University of Vermont, graduating with a medical degree in 1897. He returned to Belfast in 1899 and went into a medical partnership with his former colleague, Gustavus Clark Kilgore, now also a physician.³⁴ Three years later, the Wilsons bought the White House. Ellen (Duffie) Wilson developed intestinal tuberculosis at the age of 41. They had no children.³⁵ Everard Wilson kept the house for six years after Ellen died, finally selling it to Millicent Taliaferro on 8 September 1910.³⁶ On 26 March 1929, Everard Wilson was committed to the Maine Insane Hospital in Bangor.³⁷ He died the following year at the age of sixty-eight.³⁸

The next owner of the White House, Millicent Jessie (Hardy) Taliaferro, came from a wealthy Norfolk, Virginia, family. In 1850, her father's land holdings were worth more than \$44,000 and he owned eighteen slaves.³⁹ Jessie Hardy married James P. Taliaferro about 1871. He had enlisted into the Confederate Army in 1864, at the age of seventeen, serving in the Stuart Horse Light Artillery and the 5th Vir-

²⁹ Charles F. Ginn household, 1880 U.S. Census, Ward 3, Belfast, Waldo Co., Maine, E.D. 75, p. 254B, #116/166.

³⁰ Everard Wilson–Ellen Duffie wedding announcement, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 10 Oct. 1889.

³¹ Ellen A. Wilson obituary, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 2 June 1904.

³² *Belfast VRs*, 2:471.

³³ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 2:224.

³⁴ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 2:155–56.

³⁵ Maine, Death Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com; Waldo Co. Probate Records, #8147.

³⁶ Waldo Co. Deeds, 360:396.

³⁷ Waldo Co. Probate Records, #12662. His 2nd wife, Bessie, was appointed as his guardian.

³⁸ Inscription, Grove Cemetery, Belfast, <<http://cemetery.cityofbelfast.org/>>.

³⁹ William J. Hardy household, 1850 U.S. Census, Norfolk, Independent City, Va., p. 47, #712/791; 1850 U.S. Census, slave schedule, Norfolk, Independent City, Va., p. 125.

ginia Cavalry.⁴⁰ After the war, he moved to Florida, where he became an extremely successful businessman. His business interests included lumber, railroads, wholesale groceries, and banking, and he was President of the First National Bank of Tampa.⁴¹ James Taliaferro was elected to two terms in the U.S. Senate, from 1899 to 1911.⁴²

The Taliaferros maintained their residence in Jacksonville, Florida, using the White House as a summer home.⁴³ When they bought it in 1910, James Taliaferro was still a U.S. Senator and an active businessman. He no doubt spent some time in Belfast during the summer, but she could come for the entire season. The house was put in her name, and the furnishings no doubt reflected her taste and personality. Their two children were both married when the Taliaferros bought the house. In 1913, the Taliaferros hosted the mid-summer bazaar, an annual fundraising event for the purpose of building an Episcopal church in Belfast.⁴⁴

Millicent (Hardy) Taliaferro died in Jacksonville 3 May 1922. Her heirs (her husband and two daughters) signed the deed selling the White House to Elizabeth (Hammond) Wagar nearly four years later, on 15 March 1926.⁴⁵

Deborah Elizabeth Hammond was born in Elkton, Maryland, 6 November 1871.⁴⁶ Her parents were William and Sophia Cosden (Aldridge) Hammond. Elizabeth Hammond married twice. Her first husband was George Spackman Paull, who worked in the post office department in Washington, D.C.⁴⁷ George and Elizabeth (Hammond) Paull had two children. George and Elizabeth Paull were divorced sometime before December 1917 when she married Fred Wagar.

Fred Wagar was successful in the lumber and hotel businesses in the Mobile, Alabama, area. He died in 1935, and Elizabeth sold the White House to Frank P. Wilson on 14 September 1936.⁴⁸ Her will was written in Belfast 5 May 1952 and proved in Waldo Co., Maine, 11 September 1958. Her estate was worth only \$515.65 and she had no direct descendants.⁴⁹

Frank P. Wilson was born in Freedom, Maine, 2 October 1878. He became a successful lawyer, practicing briefly in Belfast before moving to a firm in New York

⁴⁰ James Piper Taliaferro tombstone (photo), Evergreen Cemetery, Jacksonville, Duval Co., Fla., Findagrave.com; official biography, <bioguide.congress.gov>.

⁴¹ Official biography, <bioguide.congress.gov>; "Florida's Senator," Fort Wayne (Ind.) *Sentinel*, 12 May 1899, GenealogyBank.com.

⁴² Official biography, <bioguide.congress.gov>.

⁴³ U.S. City Directories, 1821–1989, Ancestry.com, Jacksonville, Fla., 1912 City Directory, p. 1115; Belfast, Maine, 1913 City Directory, p. 87.

⁴⁴ Jay Davis and Tim Hughes, *History of Belfast in the 20th Century* (Gaithersburg, Md., 2002), 184.

⁴⁵ Waldo Co. Deeds, 360:396.

⁴⁶ U.S. Passport Applications, 1795–1925, Ancestry.com.

⁴⁷ U.S. City Directories, 1821–1989, Ancestry.com, 1914 Washington, D.C., Directory, p. 1015.

⁴⁸ Waldo Co. Deeds, 397:492.

⁴⁹ Waldo Co. Probate Records, #18115.

City.⁵⁰ In New York, he served as Deputy Police Commissioner under Theodore Bingham. He later was an attorney for U.S. Customs, prosecuting the first customs cases ever in Maine.⁵¹ He married twice, but had no children. He died 7 March 1950.

During its first 120 years, the James P. White House in Belfast had six sets of owners. The families of wealthy businessmen, a physician, and two lawyers, including a U.S. Senator, lived at this landmark home, some year around, some only during the summer. Although they were more financially successful than some, their lives contained many of the same troubles and tragedies that affect us all. These families experienced divorces, multiple marriages, early spousal deaths, and physical and mental disorders.

OWNERS OF BELFAST'S WHITE HOUSE

JAMES PATTERSON WHITE, first owner of Belfast's White House, was born in Belfast, 2 September 1800, son of Robert and Susannah (Patterson) White. He died 25 March 1879 in Belfast, aged 78 years, 6 months.⁵² He married in Belfast, 10 January 1825, **MARY ANN CLARKE**.⁵³ She was born in Waterville, Maine, 7 September 1802, daughter of George and Mary (McDonald) Clarke,⁵⁴ and died in Belfast, 20 October 1873.⁵⁵

Children of James Patterson and Mary Ann (Clarke) White, all b. Belfast:

- i **FRANCES ELEANOR WHITE**, b. 17 Oct. 1825,⁵⁶ d. Bath, 9 Jan. 1895; never married.⁵⁷
- ii **JULIA ELIZABETH WHITE**, b. 19 Aug. 1827,⁵⁸ d. Boston, Mass., 14 March 1908;⁵⁹ m. Belfast, 29 Oct. 1855, **WALTER B. ALDEN**,⁶⁰ b. there 4 April 1827, son of Hiram O. and Emily B. (—) Alden,⁶¹ d. Belfast, 9 Sept. 1893.⁶² Walter was a lawyer, but retired from practice in 1853 at the age of 26. He then entered the mercantile business in New York. "An invalid for many years, bodily infirmities withdrew him

⁵⁰ Henry Sweetser Burrage and Albert Roscoe Stubbs, *Genealogical and Family History of the State of Maine*, 3(New York, 1909):1570.

⁵¹ Frank P. Wilson obituary, *Republican Journal*, 9 March 1950.

⁵² *Belfast VRs*, 1:203; 2:662.

⁵³ *Belfast VRs*, 2:463.

⁵⁴ White, *Families of White and Clarke*, 33.

⁵⁵ *Belfast VRs*, 2:662.

⁵⁶ *Belfast VRs*, 1:203.

⁵⁷ Maine, Death Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com.

⁵⁸ *Belfast VRs*, 1:203.

⁵⁹ Massachusetts, Death Records, 1841–1915, Ancestry.com.

⁶⁰ *Belfast VRs*, 2:464.

⁶¹ *Belfast VRs*, 1:23.

⁶² Walter B. Alden tombstone (photo), Grove Cemetery, Belfast, Findagrave.com.

from active life.⁶³ Julia and Walter were each enumerated in the households of their parents in 1870 and 1880.⁶⁴

Child: 1. *Edith Fannie Alden*, b. Belfast, 13 Sept. 1856,⁶⁵ d. Beverly, Mass., 17 July 1919;⁶⁶ m. Boston, 13 Dec. 1880, William Davis Sohier.⁶⁷

- iii MARY ANN WHITE, b. 19 April 1829, d. Bath, 14 Jan. 1910; never married.⁶⁸
- iv SUSAN JANE WHITE, b. 30 May 1831,⁶⁹ d. Bath, 1 Feb. 1915;⁷⁰ m. there, 27 Nov. 1873, Samuel Donnell Bailey,⁷¹ b. Bath, 21 July 1825, son of Bernard C. and Jane T. (Donnell) Bailey,⁷² d. there 23 Dec. 1894.⁷³ No children.⁷⁴
- v JAMES CLARKE WHITE, b. 7 July 1833, d. Boston, 6 Jan. 1916;⁷⁵ m. there, 5 Nov. 1862, MARTHA ANNA ELLIS, b. [calc.] 20 Aug. 1838, daughter of Jonathan and Catherine (Partridge) Ellis,⁷⁶ d. Newton, Mass., 20 July 1888, aged 49 years, 11 months.⁷⁷ James C. White graduated from Harvard and went to become a physician and lecturer at Harvard Medical School for more than forty years. He was President of the Massachusetts Medical Society 1892–93.⁷⁸
 - Children, all b. Boston:⁷⁹ 1. *McDonald Ellis White*, b. 11 June 1863, d. 12 Oct. 1916;⁸⁰ m. 26 Jan. 1895, Elizabeth Safford. 2. *Perrin Ellis White*, b. 25 May 1865, d. Riverside, Calif., 26 Aug. 1911; m. C. Louise Chapman. 3. *Charles James White*, b. 26 Dec. 1868; m. 29 June 1883, Olivia Alger Richardson.
- vi CHARLES TALLMAN WHITE, b. 23 Sept. 1835, d. Boston, 20 March 1900, aged 64 years, 6 months, 27 days;⁸¹ m. Boston, 22 Oct. 1862, SARAH BRACKETT RICHARDSON, b. there, 12 March 1836, daughter of Jeffrey and Sally (Brackett)

⁶³ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 2:142.

⁶⁴ Hiram O. Alden households, 1870 U.S. Census, Ward 1, Belfast, Waldo Co., Maine, p. 4, #44/50; 1880 U.S. Census, Ward 3, Belfast, Waldo Co., Maine, E.D. 74, p. 229A, #212/253; James P. White household, 1870 U.S. Census, Belfast, Waldo Co., Maine, p. 78, #530/573; Frances E. White household, 1880 U.S. Census, Ward 1, Belfast, Waldo Co., Maine, E.D. 74, p. 230C, #229/276.

⁶⁵ *Belfast VRs*, 1:23.

⁶⁶ Massachusetts, State Vital Records, 1841–1920, FamilySearch.org.

⁶⁷ Massachusetts, Town and Vital Records, 1620–1988, Ancestry.com.

⁶⁸ *Belfast VRs*, 1:204; Maine, Death Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com.

⁶⁹ *Belfast VRs*, 1:204.

⁷⁰ White, *Families of White and Clarke*, 23.

⁷¹ *Belfast VRs*, 1:464; Maine, Marriages, 1771–1907, FamilySearch.org.

⁷² Maine, Births and Christenings, 1739–1900, FamilySearch.org.

⁷³ Maine, Vital Records, 1670–1917, FamilySearch.org.

⁷⁴ Lucinda Bailey household, 1900 U.S. Census, Ward 5, Bath, Sagadahoc Co., Maine, E.D. 209, p. 88B, #214/245.

⁷⁵ *Belfast VRs*, 1:203; Directory of Deceased American Physicians, 1804–1929, Ancestry.com.

⁷⁶ Massachusetts, Town and Vital Records, 1620–1988, Ancestry.com; White, *Families of White and Clarke*, 27.

⁷⁷ Massachusetts, Town and Vital Records, 1620–1988, Ancestry.com.

⁷⁸ *Report of the Harvard Class of 1853* (Cambridge, Mass., 1913), 267–72.

⁷⁹ White, *Families of White and Clarke*, 27.

⁸⁰ U.S., Sons of the American Revolution Membership Applications, 1889–1970, application of McDonald Ellis White, #853.

⁸¹ Mass. Vital Records, 1841–1900, AmericanAncestors.org, implying a birth date of 23 Aug. 1835. His entry at U.S. Passport Applications, 1795–1925, Ancestry.com, has 23 Sept. 1835.

Richardson,⁸² d. Boston, 30 June 1915, aged 79 years, 3 months, 18 days.⁸³ He was a commission merchant.⁸⁴

Children: 1. *Alice White*, b. Boston, 2 April 1864;⁸⁵ m. there, 19 Nov. 1901, Francis L. Coolidge.⁸⁶ 2. *Gertrude White*, b. Boston, 4 Sept. 1865.⁸⁷

- vii ALBERT STARRETT WHITE, b. 15 Dec. 1839, d. Riverside, Calif., 21 June 1909; never married. He was a District Supervisor in Riverside 1885–89 and 1892–93. He established a cactus garden in Riverside, now part of a park bearing his name.⁸⁸

HARRIET/“HATTIE” ARDELLA SIMONTON, second owner of Belfast’s White House, was born in Camden, Maine, 2 April 1840, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Roberts) (Leland) Simonton and granddaughter of James and Susan (Gross) Simonton.⁸⁹ She died in Belfast, 23 October 1912, aged 71 years, 6 months, 20 days.⁹⁰ She married in Camden, 5 November 1865, [her first cousin] GEORGE WILLIAM BURKETT.⁹¹ George was born in Rockport, Maine, 15 April 1843, son of William and Charlotte Vinal (Simonton) Burkett, and grandson of James and Susan (Gross) Simonton.⁹² He died 27 October 1921 at the home of his daughter and son-in-law in Somerville, Massachusetts,⁹³ and was buried in Belfast.⁹⁴

Children of George W. and Hattie (Simonton) Burkett:

- i WILLIAM G. BURKETT, b. ca. 1869 in Maine, d. after May 1924.⁹⁵
 ii NELLIE W. BURKETT, b. 22 Sept. 1871, d. 30 June 1937 and bur. Belfast;⁹⁶ m. Cambridge, Mass., 9 Nov. 1892, THOMAS E. SHEA, b. Cambridge, 10 May 1861, son of Dennis and Joanna (Sullivan) Shea,⁹⁷ d. 22 April 1940 in Holy Ghost Hospital for Incurables, Cambridge.⁹⁸

⁸² Massachusetts, Marriage Records, 1840–1915, Ancestry.com.

⁸³ Massachusetts Vital Records, 1911–1915, AmericanAncestors.org.

⁸⁴ Joseph Lee, 1880 U.S. Census, Needham, Norfolk Co., Mass., E.D. 522, p. 52B, #104/115.

⁸⁵ U.S. Passport Applications, 1795–1925, Ancestry.com.

⁸⁶ Massachusetts, Marriage Records, 1840–1915, Ancestry.com.

⁸⁷ U.S. Passport Applications, 1795–1925, Ancestry.com.

⁸⁸ Albert Starrett White tombstone (photo), Evergreen Memorial Park and Mausoleum, Riverside, Riverside Co., Calif., Findagrave.com; White, *Families of White and Clarke*, 23.

⁸⁹ *Camden/Rockport VRs*, 7, 243. Harriet Adella Burkett obituary, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 23 Oct. 1912, states that her birth date was 2 April 1841.

⁹⁰ Maine, Death Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com.

⁹¹ Maine, Marriage Records, 1713–1837, Ancestry.com.

⁹² *Camden/Rockport VRs*, 7–8, 243, 291.

⁹³ George W. Burkett obituary, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 3 Nov. 1912.

⁹⁴ Maine, Veterans Cemetery Records, 1676–1918, FamilySearch.org.

⁹⁵ Waldo Co. Probate Records, #11219.

⁹⁶ Inscription, Grove Cemetery, Belfast, <<http://cemetery.cityofbelfast.org/>>.

⁹⁷ Massachusetts, Marriage Records, 1840–1915, Ancestry.com; Massachusetts Vital Records, 1841–1910, AmericanAncestors.org.

⁹⁸ Holy Ghost Hospital for Incurables, Ward 6, Cambridge, Middlesex Co., Mass., E.D. 81, p. 805A, line 24; Inscription, Grove Cemetery, Belfast, <<http://cemetery.cityofbelfast.org/>>.

- Children: 1. *Elinore Francis Shea*, b. 8 Sept. 1893, d. New York, 11 Jan. 1900.⁹⁹ 2. *George Burkett Shea*, b. Belfast, 27 Aug. 1897, d. Rockland, 24 Jan. 1898.¹⁰⁰
- iii JOSEPHINE S. BURKETT, b. Belfast, 20 May 1877,¹⁰¹ d. 17 Aug. 1916;¹⁰² m. Belfast, 9 Nov. 1899, EDWARD ANSEL WADSWORTH,¹⁰³ b. 29 Feb. 1872, son of Ansel and Mary (—) Wadsworth,¹⁰⁴ d. 25 April 1928.¹⁰⁵
- Children: 1. *Charlotte B. Wadsworth*, b. ca. 1902 in Maine;¹⁰⁶ m. ca. 1920, George A. Thompson.¹⁰⁷ 2. *Thomas S. Wadsworth*, b. Somerville, Mass., 12 May 1907,¹⁰⁸ d. Marblehead, Mass., 29 July 2001;¹⁰⁹ m. Ramona Leadbetter.¹¹⁰

ELLEN ARDELL DUFFIE, third owner of Belfast's White House, was born 18 March 1863 in Rockport, daughter of Joel P. and Flavilla (Paul) Duffie.¹¹¹ She died in Belfast, 30 May 1904, aged 41 years, 2 months, 12 days.¹¹² She married in Belfast, 7 October 1889, EVERARD ALLEN WILSON, born May 1862,¹¹³ son of Otis and Grace A. (—) Wilson,¹¹⁴ and died in 1930.¹¹⁵ He married secondly, circa 1905, Bessie P. McDonald.¹¹⁶ No children.

MILLICENT JESSIE HARDY, fourth owner of Belfast's White House, was born in Norfolk, Virginia, 11 August 1848, daughter of William Jarvis and Anna (Trueblood) Hardy.¹¹⁷ She died in Jacksonville, Florida, 3 May 1922.¹¹⁸ She mar-

⁹⁹ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 2:371, 502.

¹⁰⁰ Inscription, Grove Cemetery, Belfast, <<http://cemetery.cityofbelfast.org/>>.

¹⁰¹ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 2:233.

¹⁰² Inscription, Grove Cemetery, Belfast, <<http://cemetery.cityofbelfast.org/>>.

¹⁰³ Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 2:579.

¹⁰⁴ Ansel Wadsworth household, 1800 U.S. Census, Lincolnville, Waldo Co., Maine, E.D. 84, p. 362D, #131/135.

¹⁰⁵ Inscription, Grove Cemetery, Belfast, <<http://cemetery.cityofbelfast.org/>>.

¹⁰⁶ George W. Burkett household, 1910 U.S. Census, Ward 3, Somerville, Middlesex Co., Mass., E.D. 997, p. 147B, #124/ 243.

¹⁰⁷ George W. Burkett obituary, Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 3 Nov. 1912; Waldo Co. Probate Records, #11219.

¹⁰⁸ Massachusetts, Births, 1841–1915, FamilySearch.org.

¹⁰⁹ Social Security Death Index.

¹¹⁰ Massachusetts Death Index, 1970–2003, Ancestry.com.

¹¹¹ Maine, Births and Christenings, 1739–1900, FamilySearch.org; Maine Marriages, 1771–1907, FamilySearch.org.

¹¹² Maine, Death Records, 1617–1922, Ancestry.com.

¹¹³ Everard Wilson household, 1900 U.S. Census, Ward 1, Belfast, Waldo Co., Maine, E.D. 167, p. 1B, #24/28.

¹¹⁴ Otis Wilson household, 1860 U.S. Census, Belmont, Waldo Co., Maine, p. 471, #544/54. Grace was also known as Georgina (Georgina Wilson household, 1870 U.S. Census, Searsmont, Waldo Co., Maine, p. 286B, #62/61).

¹¹⁵ Inscription, Grove Cemetery, Belfast, <<http://cemetery.cityofbelfast.org/>>.

¹¹⁶ *The Belfast Register* (Brunswick, Maine, 1907), 196.

¹¹⁷ Mrs. J. P. Taliaferro obituary, Tampa, Fla., *Times Union*, 4 May 1922, quoted in Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 11 May 1922.

ried in Norfolk, 15 November 1871, JAMES PIPER TALIAFERRO.¹¹⁹ He was born in Orange County, Virginia, 30 September 1847,¹²⁰ son of Edmund and Octavia (—) Taliaferro.¹²¹ He died in Jacksonville, 6 October 1934.¹²²

Children of James P. and Millicent Jessie (Hardy) Taliaferro:

- i. JESSIE PENDLETON TALIAFERRO, b. Va., 5 Jan. 1879, d. Jacksonville, 29 Jan. 1938;¹²³ m. Richmond, Va., 11 Nov. 1903, ARCHER STANFORD HUBBARD,¹²⁴ b. Jacksonville, 23 May 1874,¹²⁵ d. there, 2 March 1941.¹²⁶ No children.
- ii. ANNIE G. TALIAFERRO, b. Norfolk, 24 Aug. 1882,¹²⁷ d. Jacksonville, 28 April 1960;¹²⁸ m. 2 Jan. 1907,¹²⁹ EDWARD W. LANE, b. Valdosta, Lowndes Co., Ga., 23 June 1869,¹³⁰ son of Remer and Henrietta (—) Lane,¹³¹ d. Jacksonville, 27 March 1942.¹³²
 - Children:¹³³ 1. *James Taliaferro Lane*, b. 29 Dec. 1907, d. 30 July 1988, aged 80 years, 7 months, 1 day;¹³⁴ m. Jacksonville, 28 Nov. 1946, Frances Gilchrist (Baker) Bond.¹³⁵ 2. *Edward Wood Lane*, b. 3 April 1911, d. 26 July 2004; m. Jacksonville, 16 Oct. 1948, Helen Murchison.¹³⁶

¹¹⁸ Millicent Jessie Hardy Taliaferro tombstone (photo), Evergreen Cemetery, Jacksonville, Duval Co., Fla., Findagrave.com.

¹¹⁹ Mrs. J. P. Taliaferro obituary, Tampa, Fla., *Times Union*, 4 May 1922, quoted in Belfast, Maine, *Republican Journal*, 11 May 1922.

¹²⁰ James Piper Taliaferro tombstone (photo), Evergreen Cemetery, Jacksonville, Duval Co., Fla., Findagrave.com.

¹²¹ Edmund P. Taliaferro, 1850 U.S. Census, Orange, Orange Co., Fla., p. 243, #412/415.

¹²² James Piper Taliaferro tombstone (photo), Evergreen Cemetery, Jacksonville, Duval Co., Fla., Findagrave.com.

¹²³ Jessie Taliaferro Hubbard tombstone (no photo), Evergreen Cemetery, Jacksonville, Duval Co., Fla., Findagrave.com.

¹²⁴ "Personal Mention," Richmond (Va.) *Times Dispatch*, 31 Oct. 1903, GenealogyBank.com.

¹²⁵ New York, Passenger Lists, 1820–1957, Ancestry.com, 14 Oct. 1925 arrival.

¹²⁶ Archer S. Hubbard tombstone (no photo), Evergreen Cemetery, Jacksonville, Duval Co., Fla., Findagrave.com

¹²⁷ New York, Passenger Lists, 1820–1957, Ancestry.com, 8 Sept. 1922 arrival.

¹²⁸ Duval Co., Fla., Probate Packet Index.

¹²⁹ Florida, Marriages, 1837–1974, FamilySearch.org.

¹³⁰ New York, Passenger Lists, 1820–1957, Ancestry.com, 8 Sept. 1922 arrival.

¹³¹ Reamer Lane household, 1870 U.S. Census, no township given, Lowndes Co., Ga., p. 349B, #582/582.

¹³² Duval Co., Fla., Probate Packet Index.

¹³³ New York, Passenger Lists, 1820–1957, Ancestry.com, 8 Sept. 1922 arrival.

¹³⁴ Florida, Death Index, 1877–1998, Ancestry.com; Social Security Death Index.

¹³⁵ Florida, Marriages, 1830–1993, Family Search.org.

¹³⁶ Edward Wood Lane, Jr., obituary, Jacksonville (Fla.) *Florida Times-Union*, 29 July 2004, legacy.com; Florida, Marriages, 1830–1993, FamilySearch.org.

DEBORAH ELIZABETH HAMMOND, fifth owner of Belfast's White House, was born in Elkton, Cecil County, Maryland, 6 November 1871,¹³⁷ daughter of William Browne and Sophia Cosden (Aldridge) Hammond.¹³⁸ She died in Belfast, 11 September 1958.¹³⁹ She married first circa 1895, GEORGE SPACKMAN PAULL.¹⁴⁰ He was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, January 1870, son of William and Anna (Spackman) Paull,¹⁴¹ and died 6 April 1941 in Annapolis, Maryland.¹⁴² They divorced before 1917. She married second in Washington, D.C., 18 December 1917, FRED L. WAGAR.¹⁴³ Fred was born in Ionia County, Michigan, in January 1862, son of Humphrey Robison and Ophelia E. (Libhart) Wagar. He had been previously married to a first wife with whom he had two children. He died in Belfast, 24 July 1935, and is buried in Ionia County, Michigan.¹⁴⁴

Children of George Spackman and Deborah Elizabeth (Hammond) Paull:

- i. ELIZABETH ALDRIDGE PAULL, b. Washington, D.C., 28 July 1896,¹⁴⁵ d. after 1930;¹⁴⁶ m. Bern, Switz., 15 Aug. 1919, NAGHI KHAN DE GHARAGEUZIOU, b. ca. 1896, son of Medhi Khan, former Persian minister to the U.S.¹⁴⁷ They divorced before 1930.¹⁴⁸
- ii. MERRITT PAULL, b. ca. 1903 in Maryland. He was placed in the Gundry Home and Training School for the Feeble Minded in Falls Church, Va., before 1920.¹⁴⁹

FRANK PALMER WILSON, sixth owner of Belfast's White House, was born in Freedom, Maine, 2 October 1878, son of Jefferson Franklin and Rosanna (Blanch-

¹³⁷ U.S. Passport Applications, 1795–1925, *Ancestry.com*.

¹³⁸ William B. Hammond household, 1880 U.S. Census, Ward 7, Precinct 8, Baltimore, Md., E.D. 72, p. 516C, #28/30; U.S., Sons of the American Revolution Membership Applications, 1889–1970, *Ancestry.com*, application of Schuyler Augustine Hammond, #94361.

¹³⁹ Waldo Co. Probate Records, #18115.

¹⁴⁰ George S Paull household, 1900 U.S. Census, Washington, D.C., E.D. 17, p. 171A, #738/823.

¹⁴¹ Ohio, Deaths, 1908–1953, *FamilySearch.org*, record of Anna S. Paull, 1910; William Paull household, 1870 U.S. Census, 66th District, 2nd Ward, Philadelphia, Philadelphia Co., Penn., p. 453B, #363/348.

¹⁴² District of Columbia, Deaths, 1874–1959, *FamilySearch.org*.

¹⁴³ District of Columbia, Marriages, 1830–1921, *FamilySearch.org*.

¹⁴⁴ Humphrey R. Wager household, 1870 U.S. Census, Lyons, Ionia Co., Mich., p. 523, #373/392; Fred L. Wagar obituary, Ionia (Mich.) *Sentinel-Standard*, 25 July 1935, quoted at Fred L. Wagar tombstone (no photo), Highland Park Cemetery, Ionia Co., Mich., *Findagrave.com*.

¹⁴⁵ U.S. Passport Applications, 1795–1925, *Ancestry.com*.

¹⁴⁶ Elizabeth Paull household, 1930 U.S. Census, Tract 7, Washington, D.C., E.D. 85, p. 244A, Rochambeau Apts., family 26. She was also enumerated as Elizabeth Wagar with her mother in Belfast (Elizabeth H. Wagar household, 1930 U.S. Census, Ward 1, Belfast, Waldo Co., Maine, E.D. 1, p. 16A, #379/340).

¹⁴⁷ "Society," Washington (D.C.), *Evening Star*, 31 Aug. 1919, *GenealogyBank.com*.

¹⁴⁸ Elizabeth Paull household, 1930 U.S. Census, Tract 7, Washington, D.C., E.D. 85, p. 244A, Rochambeau Apts., family 26.

¹⁴⁹ 1920 U.S. Census, Falls Church, Fairfax Co., Va., E.D. 33, p. 169A, line 35.

ard) Wilson.¹⁵⁰ He died 7 March 1950 in a hospital in Clearwater, Florida.¹⁵¹ His first wife was LUCY P. (CURRIER) RICHARDS, born April 1870 in Massachusetts, daughter of John M. and Sarah E. E. Currier.¹⁵² She died in Norwalk, Connecticut, 31 August 1919.¹⁵³ Frank married second MARY (TINKER) BOVIE,¹⁵⁴ born in Pennsylvania in April 1880, daughter of Henry and Sophia (—) Tinker.¹⁵⁵ She died in Belfast 4 October 1960, aged 80.¹⁵⁶ No children.¹⁵⁷

For more about the family of Frank P. Wilson, see “Three Sons Dead in the Civil War: The Family of John Wilson of Belfast, Maine,” *The Maine Genealogist* 35 (February 2013):19–27.

POSTSCRIPT

In recent years, the James P. White House has been operated as a bed and breakfast inn. On 19 December 2013, The First Bank, Damariscotta, Maine, foreclosed on the property, after efforts to sell it were unsuccessful and the owners defaulted on their mortgage. At an auction held on 28 January 2014, there was much local interest but few bids. In the end, the highest bid, \$700,000, was made by The First Bank, who have put the property again on the market. It is being advertised as “suitable as a six-room high-end boutique bed and breakfast with a fourteen-seat restaurant, or as an ‘exceptional’ private home.” The property is also claimed to have the oldest copper beech tree in Maine on its one-acre plot of land.

Rick Davis <rdphase4@gmail.com> is a retired public health administrator. He has researched his own family for more than 25 years. Since moving to Belfast, Maine, in 2009, he has been learning more about Maine families. This article emerged from his research on the family of Frank P. Wilson.

¹⁵⁰ *Belfast VRs*, 2:209; Williamson, *History of Belfast*, 2:382. Frank P. Wilson obituary, *Republican Journal*, 9 March 1950, has his birth date as 3 Oct. 1878.

¹⁵¹ Frank P. Wilson obituary, *Republican Journal*, 9 March 1950. His widow is described as his 2nd wife.

¹⁵² John M. Currier household, 1880 U.S. Census, Lawrence, Essex Co., Mass., E.D. 192, p. 6B, #53/62.

¹⁵³ Historical Newspapers, Births, Marriage and Death Announcements, 1851–2003, Ancestry.com, *New York Times*, 1 Sept. 1919.

¹⁵⁴ Mrs. Frank P. Wilson (Mary Tinker Bovie Wilson) obituary, *New York Times*, 6 Oct. 1960.

¹⁵⁵ Henry Tinker household, 1900 U.S. Census, Madison, Ohio Co., W.V., E.D. 119, p. 6A, #96/105; New York Passenger Lists, 1820–1957, Ancestry.com. A 1931 passenger list for Frank and Mary Wilson shows Mary as b. 30 Oct. 1885 in Oil City, Penn. A 1926 list included Mary Tinker Bovie, shown as b. 30 April 1880 in Oil City, Penn. A 1928 list had Mary Bovie listed as b. 30 April 1890 in Oil City, Penn.

¹⁵⁶ Maine State Archives, Death Database, <www.maine.gov>.

¹⁵⁷ Waldo Co. Probate Records, #16510.

NINETEENTH-CENTURY RECORDS OF THE
FIRST AND SECOND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCHES
OF WELLS, MAINE

Submitted by Priscilla Eaton

(Continued from p. 46)

Record of Deaths in the First Parish Church in Wells

20 Jan. 1852	Elizabeth Ames, daughter of Barak & Betsey A Maxwell	4½	Sore Throat
21 Jan. 1852	Infant of Stover Jacobs of Boston Mass	7 wk	Fits
29 Feb. 1852	Sally wife of Capt Samuel Lindsey	38	Consumption
13 March 1852	Sally wife of Capt John Moore	37	Consumption
22 March 1852	Benjamin Littlefield	73	Consumption
15 April 1852	David son of Clement Littlefield at Lawrence, Mass	39	Bronchitis
26 April 1852	Margaret Crediford	67	Consumption
7 July 1852	Hannah Louise daughter of Moses Peaslee	¼	Lung Fever
8 July 1852	Mrs. Cousins of Lyman	77	Old age
16 July 1852	John Littlefield	82	Cancer
18 July 1852	Emma Leidi[?] daughter of Robert & Abby Wharton of Boston	19 wks	
3 Aug. 1852	Dorcas wife of Matthew R Hill Jr	34	Childbirth
10 Aug. 1852	Priscilla daughter of Isaac Bourne	21	Consumption
16 Aug. 1852	William Plummer son of John Annis	1y 10m	Dropsy of Brain
23 Aug. 1852	James William son of Thomas Davis of Boston	4y 3m	
3 Oct. 1852	Abigail Eaton	92	Old age
11 Oct. 1852	James W son of Capt Charles Hill	4y 9m	Scarlet Fever
4 Nov. 1852	Myron Dean son of Capt Charles Hill	2	Scarlet Fever
6 Nov. 1852	Joseph Hammond	80	Old age
8 Nov. 1852	Leroy Augustus son of Capt Charles Hill	6	Scarlet Fever
25 Nov. 1852	John Blaban	56	Cancer of Stomach
12 Jan. 1853	Benjamin son of Jonathan & Hannah Bourn	8y 9m	Scarlet Fever
25 Jan. 1853	Mrs. John Butland	88	Old age
11 Jan. 1853	Mrs. Boles, wife of Timothy Boles at Mobile	33	Disease of bowels
1 Feb. 1853	Joseph son of Jonathan & Hannah Bourn, twin to Benjamin	8y 9m	Scarlet Fever

23 Feb. 1853	Edith Marden ¹¹¹	85y 9m	Old age
24 Feb. 1853	Franklin son of Franklin Furbish	13m	Whooping cough
5 March 1853	Olive wife of Alpheus Littlefield	73	Cancer
15 March 1853	Sally Littlefield widow	81	Old age
24 March 1853	Pamelia widow of Oliver Hart ¹¹²	75	Old age
11 June 1853	George Williams		Consumption
12 June 1853	Catherine Bourne daughter of Capt Daniel & Sarah Ann Eaton	1y 1m	Whooping cough
19 June 1853	Abigail Ann Littlefield	27	Consumption
26 July 1853	Nathan ¹¹³ Littlefield	50	Stomach cramps
9 Aug. 1853	James Jacobs	58	Southern Fever
26 Aug. 1853	Hepsebah Tibbetts	34	Typhoid Fever
2 July 1854	Joshua Maxwell	78	Consumption
27 Sept. 1854	Samuel R. son of John N. and Roxanna Hart	11/12	Croup
30 Oct. 1854	William Donnell	72	Dropsy
13 Dec. 1854	Samuel Hubbard	65	Congestion of Lungs
27 Jan. 1855	William Hammond	67	Dropsy
3 Feb. 1855	Capt Pelatiah Littlefield	91	Old Age
12 April 1855	Mrs. Nancy Lindsey	77	
24 April 1855	Franklin, son of Henry Crediford	4y 1m	Death caused by a burn Lived less than 2 hours
17 May 1855	Isaiah Getchell	79¾	Dropsy of the heart and tumor of the lungs
1 June 1855	Mrs. Philadelphia Winn, wife of Mr. James Winn	72y 11m	Cancer
29 July 1855	Sarah Abby, daughter of Stephen & Caroline Kimball	18¾	Consumption
19 Aug. 1855	Myron Ames, son of Barak & Betsey A Maxwell	1½	Dysentery
Nov. 1854	Phebe C. daughter of Dr. Chase & Elisa W. Moulton, twin	7/12	Cholera infantum
28 Aug. 1855	Joseph G. son of Dr. Chase & Elisa W. Moulton, twin	11/12	Cholera infantum
6 Sept. 1855	Hannah Persis daughter of John B. & Harriet Maxwell	14¾	Typhoid Fever
13 Sept. 1855	Stephen Winn of York		Inflammation of bowels
25 Dec. 1855	Abby Hopkins wife of Mr. Charles Hopkins	27	Consumption
18 Jan. 1856	Daniel James son of Capt. John & Sarah Staples	4 5/12	Scarlet Fever

¹¹¹ This is probably "Ednor Widow of Thomas Warden" (Shelley, *Wells VRs*, 418).

¹¹² The Town records give his name as *Henry Hart* (Shelley, *Wells VRs*, 419).

¹¹³ The Town records give his name as *Nahum Littlefield* (Shelley, *Wells VRs*, 419).

24 Jan. 1856	Mrs. Jane Winn	73 $\frac{3}{4}$	
7 April 1856	Capt. William Eaton	64	Killed in saw mill
15 April 1856	Shadrach Littlefield	25	Consumption
23 April 1856	Oliver Barron Winn died in Boston	27 7/12	Fever
28 April 1856	Mrs. Susan Furbush	73	Lung fever
9 June 1856	Mrs. Mary Maxwell	79y 5m	Cancer
18 June 1856	Mr. Joseph Hubbard	74	Disease of heart
29 Sept. 1856	Mrs. Philadelphia Witham	58	Consumption
8 Oct. 1856	Mrs. Betsey Littlefield	80	Old age
11 Nov. 1856	Priscilla Dean	61	Suicide
14 Nov. 1856	Charles Hopkins	31	Consumption
11 Dec. 1856	Florence, daughter of Mr. Charles & Mrs. Abby Hopkins	4	Scarlet Fever
17 Dec. 1856	Mr. Alpheus Littlefield	84	Found dead
13 Jan. 1857	Mr. Daniel Butland	66	Lung fever
10 March 1857	Edward Clark Staples at Medford, Mass.	27y 5m	Diabetes
18 March 1857	Dimond Littlefield	54	Lung Fever
24 March 1857	Willie, child of Joseph Littlefield	3	Liver complaint
11 May 1857	John Rankin	81 $\frac{1}{2}$	Congestion of spine
13 May 1857	Abigail Goodell	59	Consumption
17 May 1857	Mary Jacobs, wife of Joshua Jacobs	32	Consumption
11 June 1857	Frank, son of Oliver Littlefield	7	Supposed to have been poisoned
27 June 1857	George Littlefield	23 $\frac{1}{4}$	Typhoid Fever
29 June 1857	Stephen Kimball	74	Liver complaint
23 Aug. 1857	William Littlefield	81 2/3	Old age
23 Jan. 1858	Mary Wells, daughter of Deacon A. Wells	24	Liver complaint
23 Jan. 1858	Stephen Stevens (funeral attended by Mr. Cook)	87	Old age
27 Feb. 1858	Mary Hill, daughter of Widow Mindwell Hill, died at Springfield Mass but interred at Wells	14 $\frac{1}{4}$	Scarlet Fever,
28 Feb. 1858	Frederic Sherman	65	Stoppage
4 March 1858	John Littlefield	78 2/3	Lung Fever
7 March 1858	Priscilla Hubbard	71 $\frac{3}{4}$	Congestion of stomach
14 March 1858	Mary Ella Norton	1y 10m	Typhoid fever
21 March 1858	Timothy Wheelwright	70 $\frac{1}{4}$	Dropsy
26 March 1858	Jane, wife of George Perkins	42	Consumption
17 April 1858	Mrs. Lydia W. Maxwell, wife of Mr. A. Maxwell	70	
18 April 1858	Mrs. Mary Matthews, wife of Capt. Matthews (York)	28	Consumption
24 April 1858	Mr. Oliver Winn (York)	61 $\frac{1}{4}$	Kidney complaint

19 May 1858	Mr. Robert Kimball	66½	Consumption
7 July 1858	William Pope	22	Dysentery
15 Aug. 1858	Mrs. Irene, wife of Henry Donnel	41	Dropsy
23 Oct. 1858	Samuel Donnel	56	Neuralgia
20 Nov. 1858	Mr. John Witham	71½	Consumption
27 Dec. 1858	Dea. S. B. Littlefield	87	Old age
10 Jan. 1859	Hitty Rhines	60	Lung fever
12 Jan. 1858	Mrs. Lucinda, wife of Capt. Josiah Littlefield	54	Lung fever
19 Feb. 1859	Mrs. Louisa Getchel, wife of Isaiah Getchel	42	Consumption
1 April 1859	Mr. Jonathan Webster	82	Old age
13 April 1859	Mrs. Sarah G. Wells, wife of John Wells	52	
29 May 1859	Son of John Staples, Jr.	9½	
10 June 1859	Mrs. Susan Winn (York)	88	Consumption
28 July 1859	Daniel Eldridge	41	Liver complaint
6 Sept. 1859	Mrs. Achsah Wheelwright	55	Dysentery
4 Oct. 1859	Oliver Hart, d. at Lafayette, Ind., interred in Wells	39	Fever
18 Dec. 1859	Joshua Sawyer	74	Inflammation of the bowels
10 Jan. 1860	Edmund D. son of Frederic Littlefield	9/12	Inflammation of bowels
10 Jan. 1860	Mrs. Louisa B. Cook, wife of Rev. J.B. Cook	38½	Consumption
10 Feb. 1860	Mr. Clement Littlefield	85y 10m	Old age
12 Feb. 1860	Capt. John Wheelwright	66	A Wound
5 March 1860	Mary Hill	32	Consumption
11 April 1860	Mrs. Mary Littlefield, widow of the late Capt. P.L.	94¾	Old age
12 April 1860	Mr. John Seavy		Erysipelas
20 April 1860	Mrs. John Staples (Merriland)	76	Consumption
28 April 1860	Edward Melville, son of Capt. J. Staples	7/12	Fits
20 July 1860	A child of Noah Hatch (Depot)	5/12	Cancer
9 Sept. 1860	A child of Capt. Samuel W. & Mrs. Sarah W. Norton	0 ¼	
20 Oct. 1860	Mrs. Olive M. Simmons, wife of Mr. Chs. W. Simmons	26	
10 Nov. 1860	A child of Mr. Samuel Getchel's	0 ½	Dropsy on Brain
7 Feb. 1861	Ellen, daughter of Samuel Furbush	22 ½	Fits
11 Feb. 1861	James Winn	79	Asthma

19 March 1861	John Tibbetts	79 ¹¹⁴	Old age
26 April 1861	Betsey P. Bragdon	64 ³ / ₄	Consumption
4 May 1861	Harriet, wife of Benjn Bourne	76 ¹ / ₂	Heart
12 May 1861	Emma, daughter of Joseph & Sarah Littlefield	8	Throat distemper
27 May 1861	Louisa, daughter of Joseph & Sarah Littlefield	1	Throat distemper
23 July 1861	Ivory Wells	66	Consumption
2 Nov. 1861	Miss Sarah J. Junkins (N. Berwick)	73	
20 Nov. 1861	George N., son of Mr & Mrs Peaslee	1 11/12	Scarlet Fever & Throat distemper
25 Jan. 1862	Almira, daughter of Capt. Wakefield	40	Consumption
4 March 1862	Mrs. Olive, wife of the late Lemuel Hatch	83	Old age
1 May 1862	Charles, son of S. S. ¹¹⁵ & Hannah G. Littlefield	11/12	Consumption
2 May 1862	Sarah A., wife of Tristram Hill	39	Measles
15 May 1862	James Mariner	56	Measles
June 1862	Miss Abigail Wells	78	Old age, paralysis
25 June 1862	Jonathan Littlefield (Mute)	94	Old age
16 Aug. 1862	Mrs. Olivia Littlefield, wife of Ivory Littlefield Jr.	23	Consumption
15 Sept. 1862	Mrs. Lydia, wife of Wilson Green	38	
21 Sept. 1862	Mrs. Hannah, wife of Matthew R. Hill	80 ¹ / ₂	Dropsy
24 Sept. 1862	Addie, daughter of Isaiah Littlefield	15	Typhoid Fever
26 Sept. 1862	Mrs. Clarissa, wife of [??] ¹¹⁶ Weare	42	Consumption
28 Sept. 1862	George, son of William Maxwell	18 ¹ / ₂	Diphtheria
2 Nov. 1862	Mary Ellen Boole [Boles]	13 ¹ / ₂	Diphtheria
9 Nov. 1862	Widow Nancy Littlefield, relict of the late John Littlefield	84	Kidney
Jan. 1863	Ivory Hatch, son of Levi Hatch	23	Chronic diarrhea
Feb. 1863	A child of Levi Littlefield Hatch	1 ¹ / ₂	
26 Feb. 1863	Joseph Tibbetts, in New York City	48	Found dead in bed
19 May 1863	Isaac Bourne, died in Newburyport, interred in Wells	68	Lockjaw
23 July 1863	Child of Woodbury Littlefield	2 ¹ / ₂	Whooping cough
27 July 1863	Mrs. Abigail Eaton, wife of the late Wm Eaton	74	Diarrhea
Aug. 1863	Child of Mr. Alonzo Donnel (Boston)	³ / ₄	Whooping cough
22 Nov. 1863	Child of Lemuel Larrabee	2 ¹ / ₂	

¹¹⁴ Town Records give his age at death as 19, probably a transcription error (Shelley, *Wells VRs*, 423). In this case, the cause of death helps to clarify.

¹¹⁵ Samuel S. Littlefield m. (int.) Wells, 8 June 1848, Hannah G. Wells (Shelley, *Wells VRs*, 316).

¹¹⁶ Town Records give his name as Francis Weare (Shelley, *Wells VRs*, 424).

24 Nov. 1863	Mrs. Agnes Littlefield, wife of the late C. Littlefield	90¼	In consequence of fall
7 Dec. 1863	William Herbert Henry, son of Mr. Henry Donnell	5½	Diphtheria
24 Dec. 1863	Levi Hatch	64	Lung fever & heart disease
3 April 1864	Infant child of Mary A. (Hatch) Cousins	1	Fits
17 April 1864	Aaron Maxwell	78	Lung Fever
8 May 1864	Mrs. Lowe, widow	75	Congestion of lungs
3 July 1864	Mrs. Nancy Eaton, wife of Jeremiah M. Eaton	64	Internal cancer cervix[?]
8 July 1864	Leeman E., son of Chs. Boston	9	Inflammation, fever
Aug. 1864	Widow Meribah Littlefield	76	Paralysis
10 Sept. 1864	Mrs. Abigail Getchel	80½	Dysentery
23 Sept. 1864	Mrs. Caroline Kimball, wife of Dea. S. Kimball ¹¹⁷	56y 10m	Cancer
Oct. 1864	Mrs. Elisabeth Jones (died in Boston)		
[no date]	Samuel Pope (died in S.C.)		
9 Oct. 1864	Mrs. Dorothy Maxwell, wife the late Joshua Maxwell	72	Consumption
12 Oct. 1864	Roxanna Hill, daughter of Geo. & Mindwell Hill	19¾	Typhoid Fever
16 Oct. 1864	Mrs. Charlotte, wife of Alpheus Littlefield		Inflammation of Bowels
1 Nov. 1864	Elisha Butland	64	Typhoid Fever
18 Nov. 1864	Olivia, child of Ivory Littlefield Jr.	2¾	Diphtheria
24 Nov. 1864	Daniel son of Samuel Rankin	23¾	Chronic Diarrhea
25 Nov. 1864	Mrs. Mindwell Hill, widow of the late Geo. Hill	52y 10m	Typhoid Fever
22 Dec. 1864	Mr. James Boston	71	Lung Fever
11 April 1865	Mrs. Sally Pope	70	Dropsy
10 April 1865	Miss Tabitha Staples	85	Influenza
11 April 1865	Miss Maria Donnel	21¼	Consumption
27 April 1865	Miss Betsy Littlefield (Mute)	88	Paralytic Shock
11 May 1865	Walter Warren	71	
12 May 1865	Miss Lydia Eaton	78	Shock
21 Aug. 1865	Miss Hepzibah Littlefield	79	Paralytic Shock
30 Aug. 1865	Jotham Sawyer (died in Biddeford)	73	
31 Aug. 1865	Edward E., son of Jacob E. & Sophia Hook	0 ¾	Cholera Infantum
21 Sept. 1865	Ella, daughter of Capt. D. F. ¹¹⁸ & Mrs. Sarah Maxwell, (funeral attended by Rev. Mr. Cook)	10	Diphtheria

¹¹⁷ Stephen Kimball Jr. m. (int.) Wells, 5 Sept. 1835, Caroline Cole (Shelley, *Wells VRs*, 304).

¹¹⁸ Daniel F. Maxwell m. Wells, 9 Jan 1844, Sarah Littlefield (Shelley, *Wells VRs*, 342).

5 Nov. 1865	Jennette, daughter of Johnson & Theodosia Bragdon	2	Whooping cough
5 Nov. 1865	Isaiah G. Littlefield		Consumption
28 Nov. 1865	Benjamin Bourne	82½	Consumption
29 Nov. 1865	Anna, dau of Aaron Wheelwright	15	Consumption
3 Dec. 1865	Georgianna, wife of Joseph Eaton	25	Consumption
8 Dec. 1865	Henry, son of Barak & Betsey A. Maxwell	13	Diphtheria
2 Jan. 1866	Storer Littlefield	64	Cancer
27 Jan. 1866	Mrs. Lydia wife of Capt. James Donnell	63	Dropsy
Aug. 1866	A child of William Littlefield		Cholera infantum
9 Aug. 1866	Chs. Goodell	38	Consumption
22 Nov. 1866	Mary L. Libby	20	Diphtheria
26 Jan. 1867	Capt. Charles Hill	60¼	Paralysis of Nerves
31 Jan. 1867	Oliver Stevens	70¼	Consumption
31 March 1867	Mrs. Mary, wife of David Maxwell	84½	Cancer
6 Aug. 1867	John Weare	59¾	In consequence of broken [?]
1 Oct. 1867	John Gooch	86	Heart Disease

[At this point, the handwriting changes, probably reflecting the beginning of the ministry of the Rev. Lewis Goodrich (1868–1872).]

21 Oct. 1867	Calvin W. Stuart (funeral attended by Rev. Mr. Bowker 2nd Cong. Parish)	46	Palsy & Consumption
24 April 1868	Dea. Enoch Furbish (funr. by L. Goodrich)	44	Lung Fever
13 Aug. 1868	Mrs. John Gooch (funr. by L. Goodrich)	89	Old age
22 Sept. 1868	Joshua Hubbard (funr. by L. Goodrich)	74	
9 Nov. 1868	Mr. George N. Winn (funr. attended by L. Goodrich)	30	By hanging, suicide
1 Dec. 1868	Mr. Cyrus B. Littlefield (funr. by L. Goodrich)	25	Paralysis of nerves
[No date]	Cyrus B. Littlefield, infant son of the above (funeral attended by L. Goodrich)		Lung fever
[No date]	Wallace F.[?] Littlefield (funeral attended by L. Goodrich)		Rheumatic Fever
4 Dec. 1868	Mrs. Jemima Stuart (funr. by L. Goodrich)	86	

(to be continued)

THE MAINE GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY (MGS): Founded in 1976, the Maine Genealogical Society is a nonprofit, charitable, and educational organization. Its purposes are to collect, exchange, preserve, and publish genealogical records, related documents, and information; and to promote and encourage interest and scholarship in genealogy and family history of the State of Maine.

MEMBERSHIP: The membership year runs from 1 January through 31 December (renewal notices go out in November). All members receive annually four issues of *The Maine Genealogist* and four issues of the *Newsletter*. Members also receive discounts to purchase the Society's Special Publications books; free queries posted on the Society's website; and other benefits as determined by the Executive Committee.

DUES (to be sent to MGS, P.O. Box 221, Farmington ME 04938):

New membership in the Society is \$25.00 for U.S. residents and organizations. Add \$5.00 for first-class mailing of Society publications. New membership is \$34.00 for Canadian residents and \$39.00 for residents outside the U.S. and Canada and also includes first-class mailing for Society publications.

Renewing membership cost is \$25.00. Add \$5.00 for first-class postage. Canadian residents must add \$9.00 and residents outside the U.S. and Canada must add \$14.00. Publications mailed outside the U.S. will be sent by first-class postage.

SUBMISSION GUIDELINES FOR *The Maine Genealogist*: The editor will consider previously unpublished or source material pertaining to Maine families and genealogy. The material cannot be under consideration for publication elsewhere and must observe all copyright laws. Especially sought are well-documented family studies or instructional articles, both of which should emphasize problem-solving and research techniques. The editor reserves the right to edit any article submitted. Responsibility for the accuracy of printed information is with the submitter. Articles should not be reprinted without prior written permission from the author and the editor. Articles for consideration in *The Maine Genealogist* should be sent to the editor: Joseph C. Anderson II, 5337 Del Roy Drive, Dallas TX 75229-3016.

QUERIES AND BOOK REVIEWS: Queries with relevance to Maine families and limited to 75 words will be published on the MGS website at <http://maine.roots.org/>. Please send one query at a time and include membership number and address. Instructions for submitting queries are posted on the query page of the website. Books for review should include price, postage & handling costs, and the address for ordering. Send books for review to Joseph C. Anderson II, 5337 Del Roy Drive, Dallas TX 75229-3016. All books submitted become the property of the Maine Genealogical Society.

ADVERTISING: Although no outside advertising is accepted for *The Maine Genealogist*, it is accepted in the *Newsletter*. For rates contact Marlene A. Groves, Newsletter Editor, 5 Olympic Ave., Rockland ME 04841.

The Maine Genealogist

Journal of the Maine Genealogical Society

P.O. Box 221, Farmington ME 04938

Non Profit
Organization
U.S. Postage
Paid
Lewiston ME 04240
Permit No. 82

FORWARDING SERVICE REQUESTED